

FEMMAR

FEYNMAN



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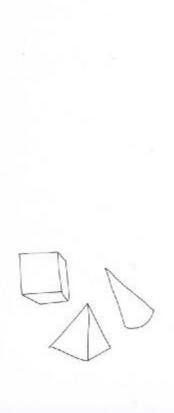


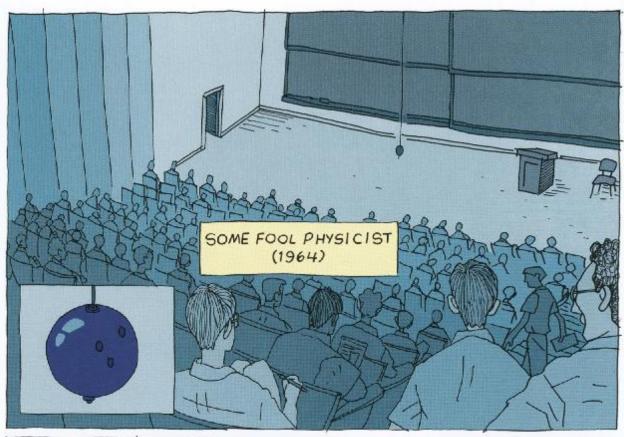
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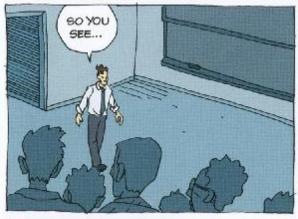
THANKS TO CARL FEYNMAN, MICHELLE FEYNMAN, AND RALPH LEIGHTON FOR THEIR GENEROSITY OVER THE YEARS. AND IF THE LAWS OF PHYSICS ALLOWED, I'D GO BACK TO THANK WHOEVER IT WAS THAT FIRST SHOWED ME "SURELY YOU'RE JOKING, MR. FEYNMAN!"
THEN I WOULD READ IT AGAIN, FOR THE FIRST TIME.

— J.O.

FOR MARIA. -L.M.



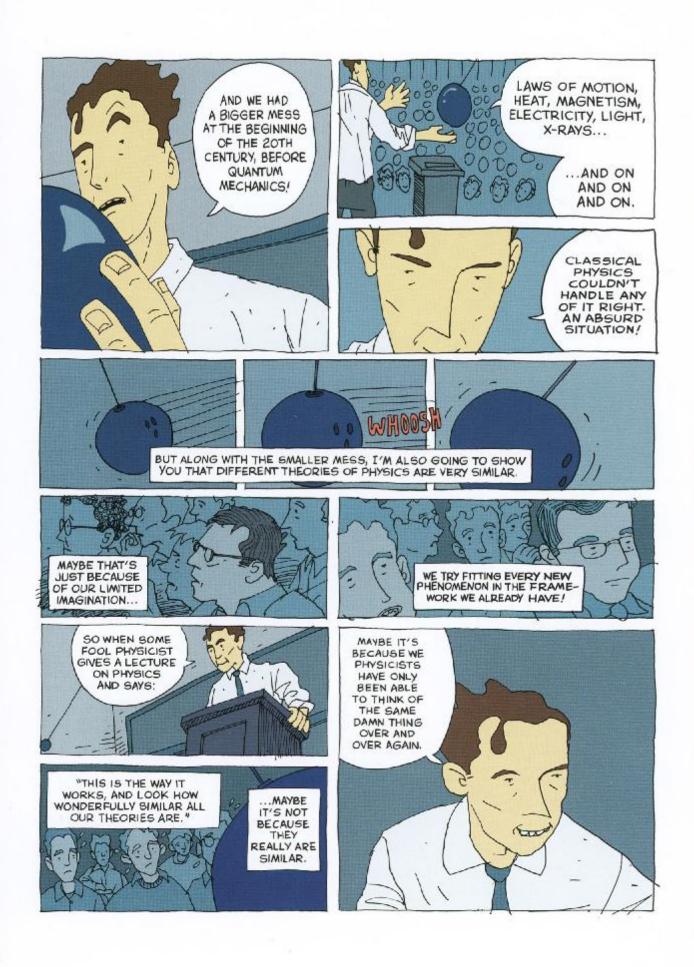










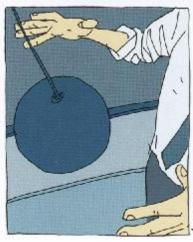






















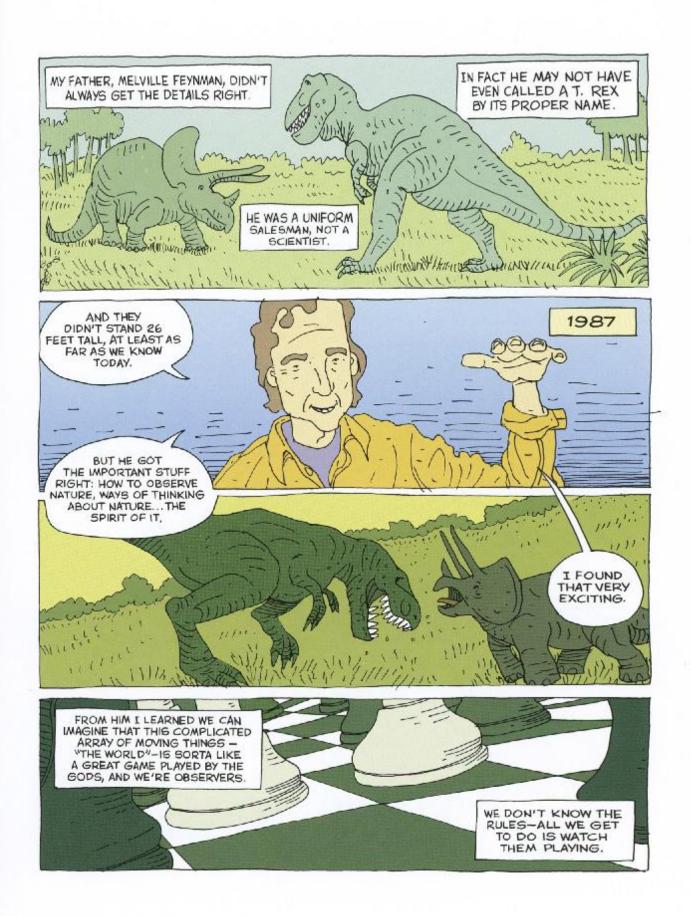


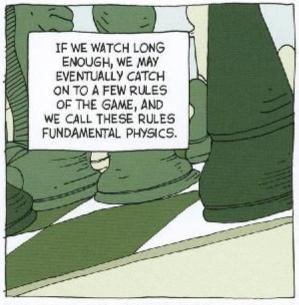






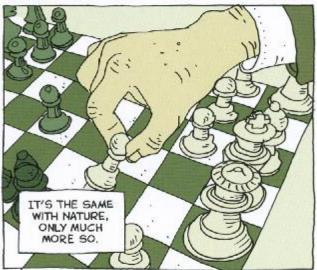


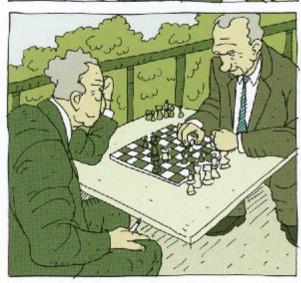














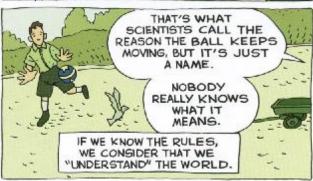












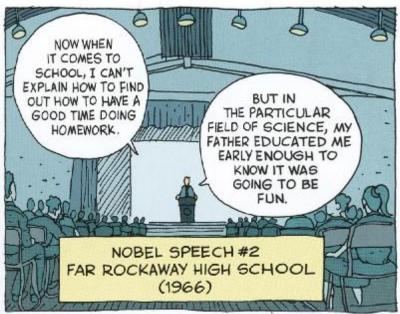








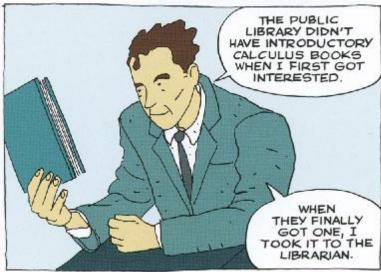














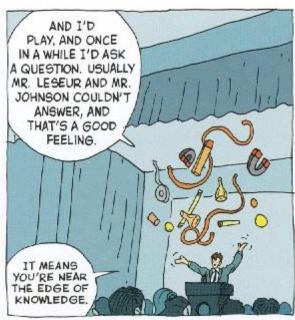














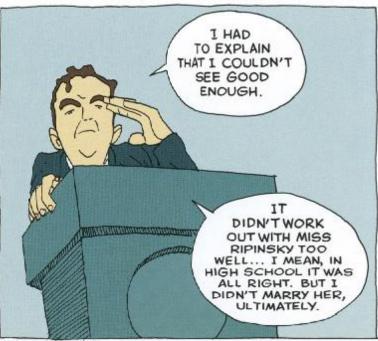


















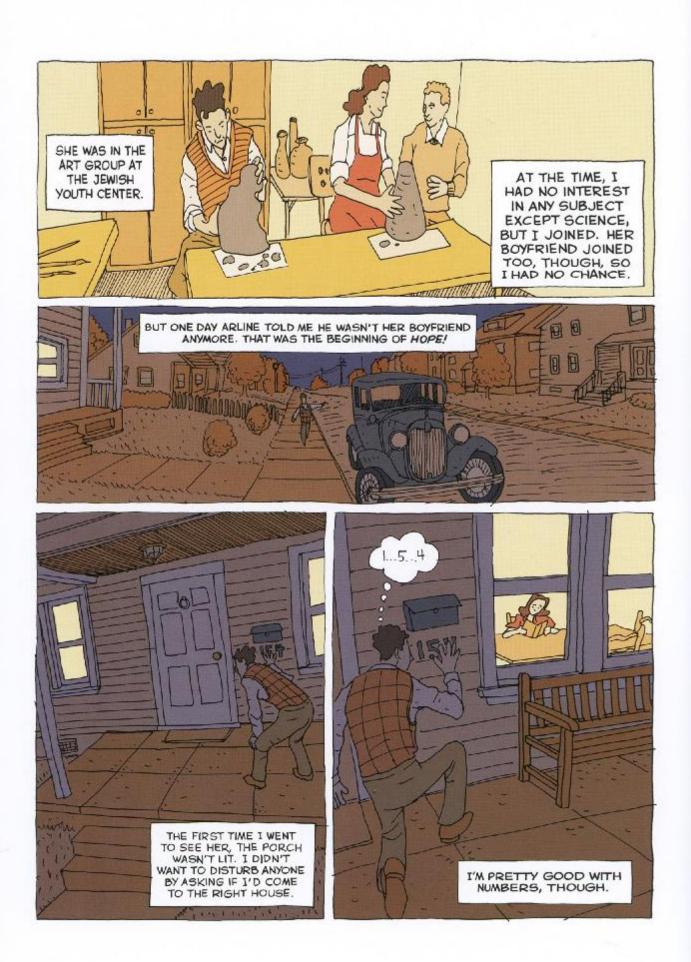










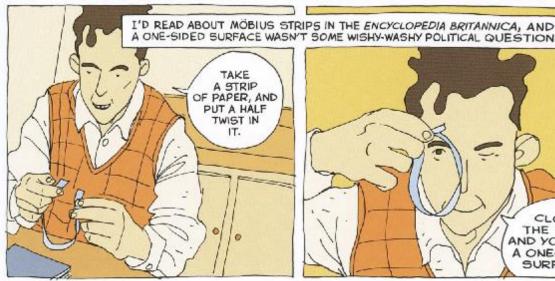




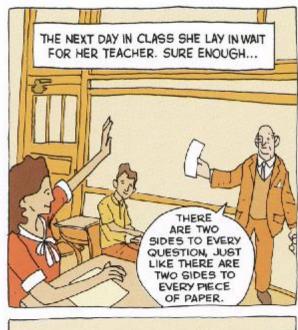








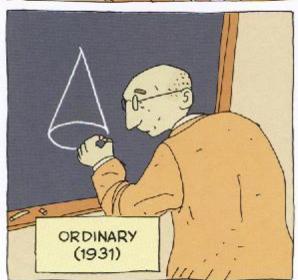














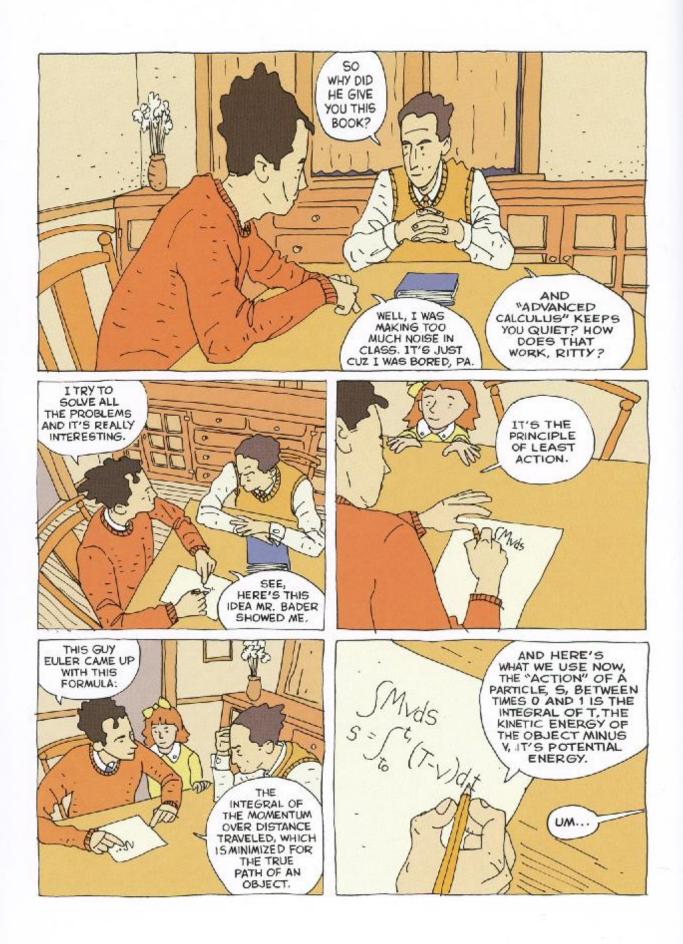


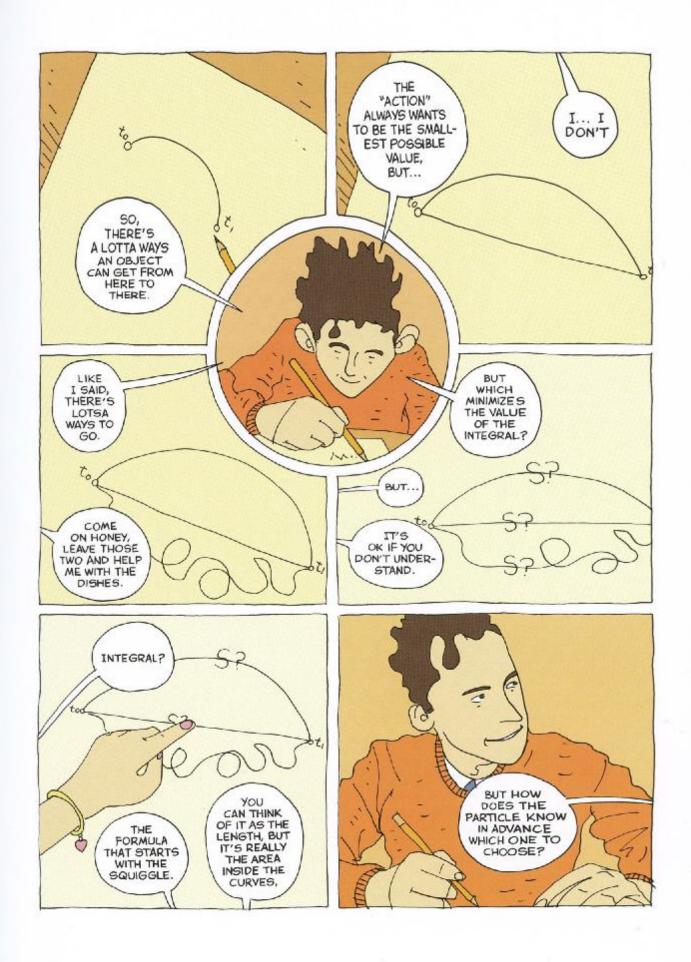




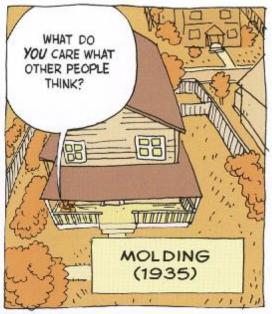
 $4n^{3}/4x^{2}|v = 0 \ x^{2}C_{n}^{"} + xC_{n}^{"} + (x^{2} - n^{2})C_{n} = 0 \ C_{n+1} - C_{n+1} = 2(dC_{n}|x) \ C_{n+1} + C_{n+1} = (2n/x) \ C_{n}|_{v}(r) = 2 \ (r/2)^{v}/\left[\Gamma(v + J_{v}(r) + k^{2}r^{2} = - 1 \ (r/2)^{v}/\left[r(r + 1)(1 - 4n^{2})/4x^{2}]v = 0 \ r^{2}/R(d^{2}R/d^{2} + 1 \ (r/2)^{4}/2 \ (r/2)^{v}/\left[r(r + 1)(1 - 4n^{2})/4x^{2}]v = 0 \ r^{2}/R(d^{2}R/d^{2} + 1 \ (r/2)^{v}/C \ (r/2)^{v}/\left[r(r + 1)(1 - 4n^{2})/4x^{2}]v = 0 \ r^{2}/R(d^{2}R/d^{2} + 1 \ (r/2)^{v}/C \ (r/2)^{v}/C \ (r/2)^{v}/\left[r(r + J_{v}(r) = 2 \ (r/2)^{v}/\left[r(r + J_{v}(r) + 2 \ (r/2)^{v}/C \ (r/2)^{$































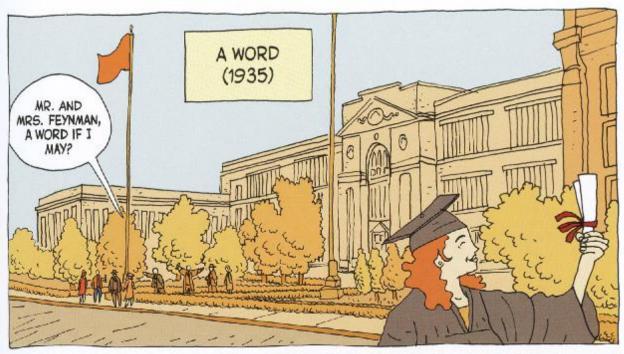




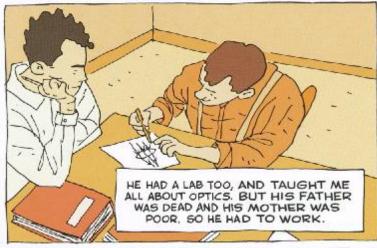




















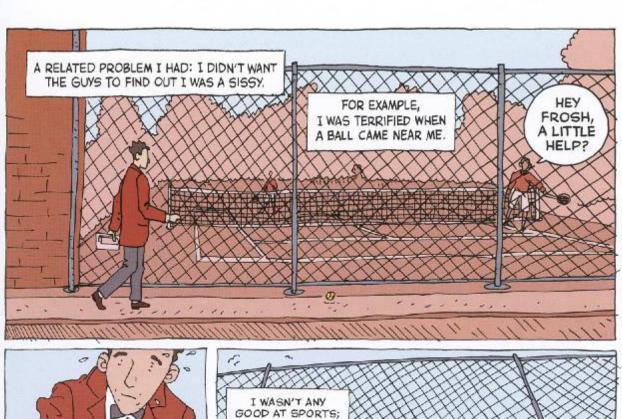








*A QUOTA SYSTEM LIMITED THE NUMBER OF JEWISH STUDENTS ADMITTED IN ANY GIVEN CLASS.





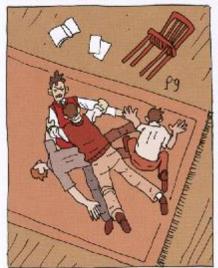




























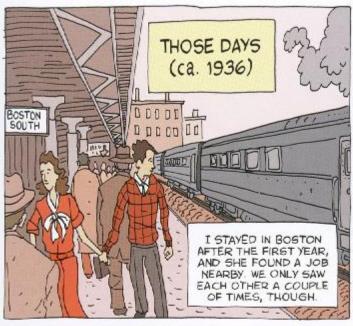










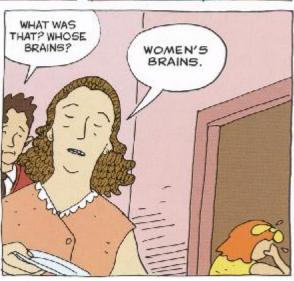








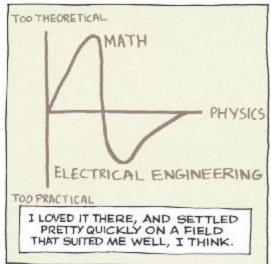


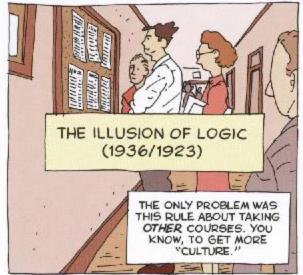


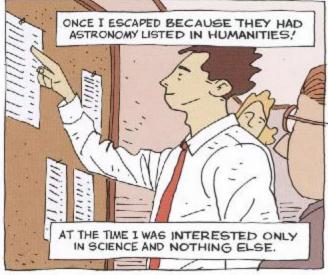




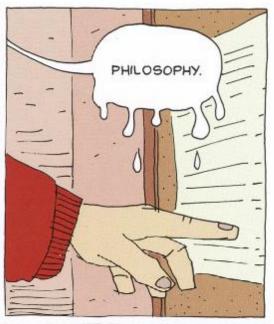
















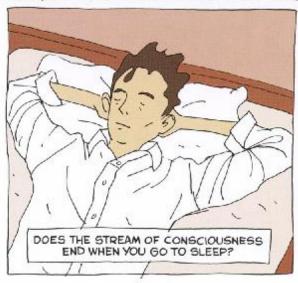






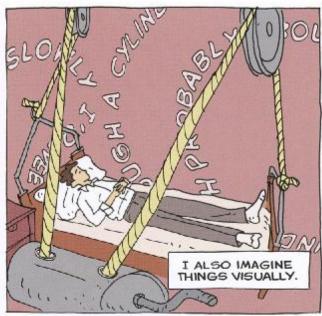


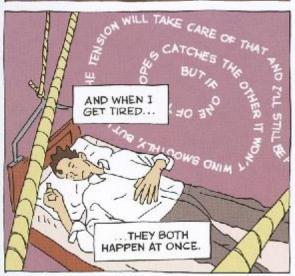


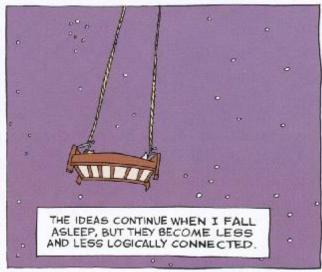


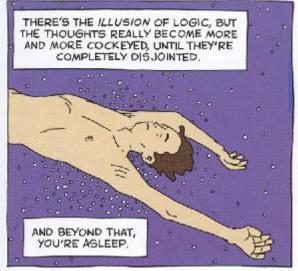




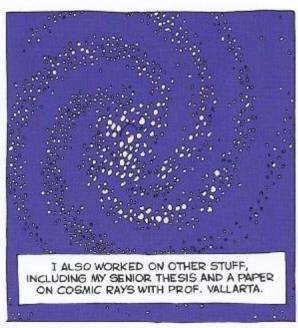












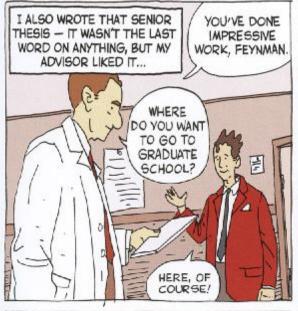


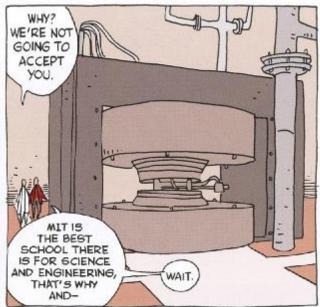


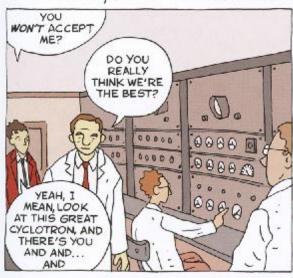




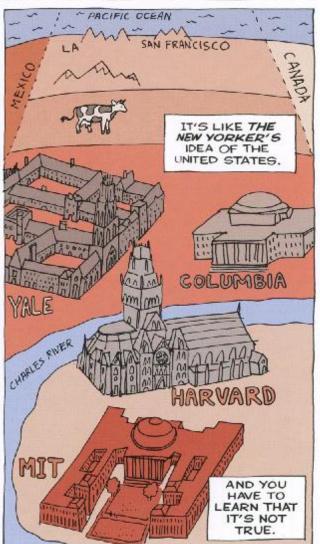




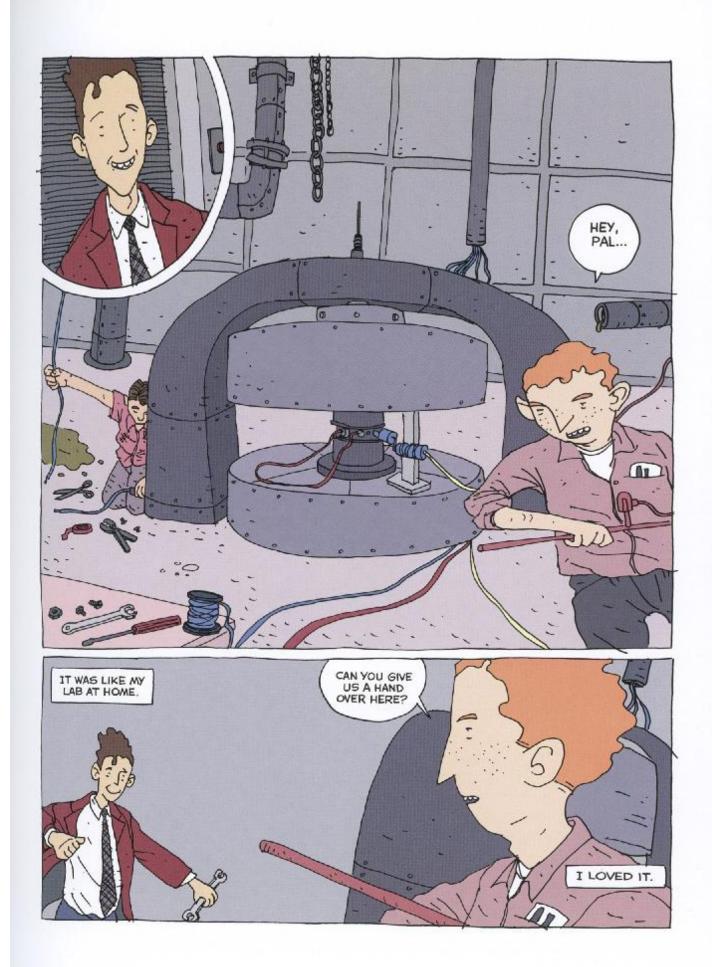




















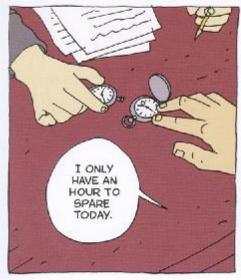


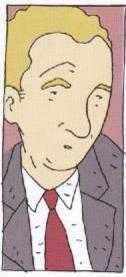










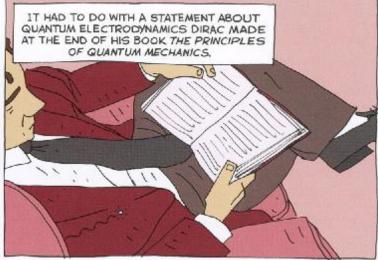




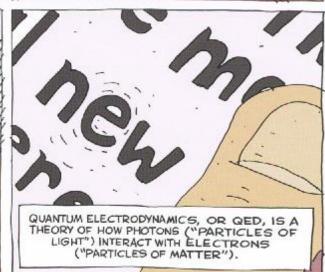


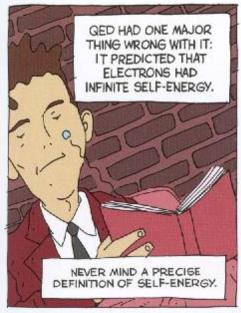








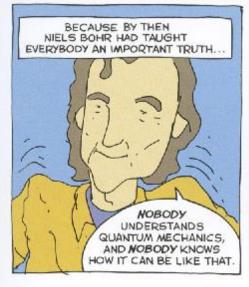


















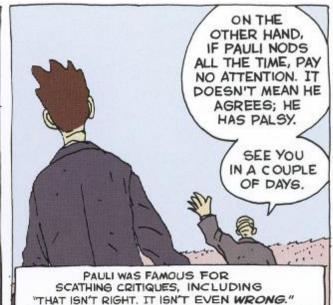


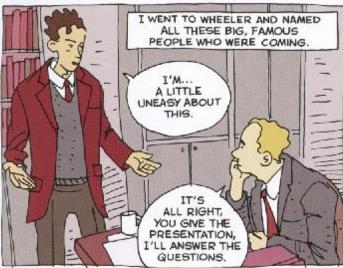


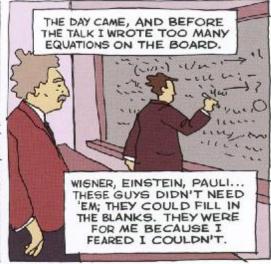










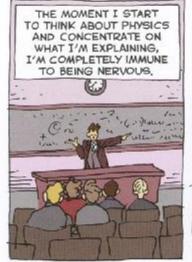


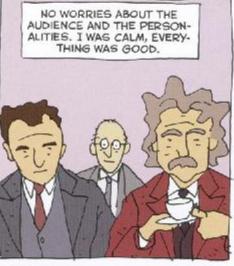






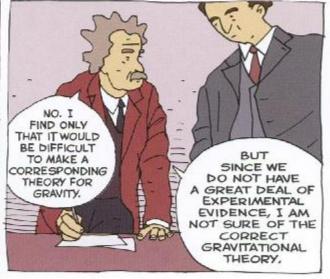


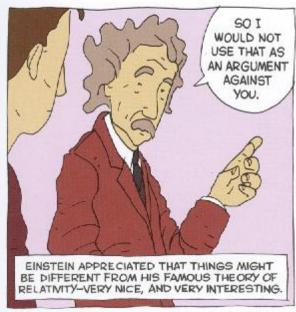








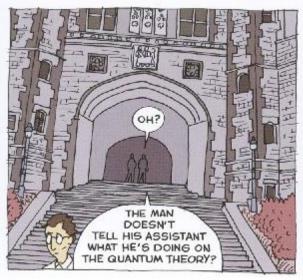












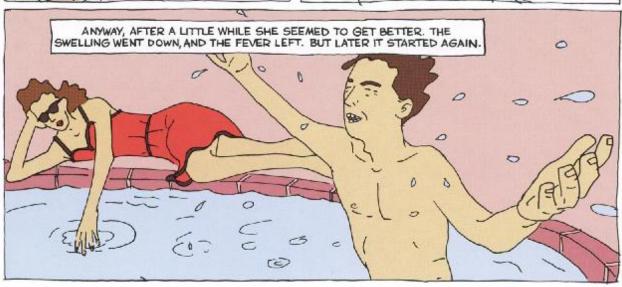








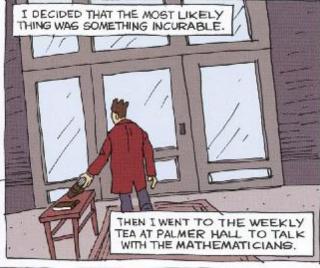








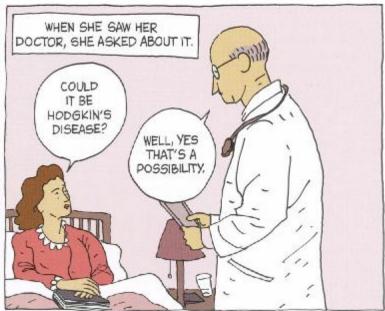














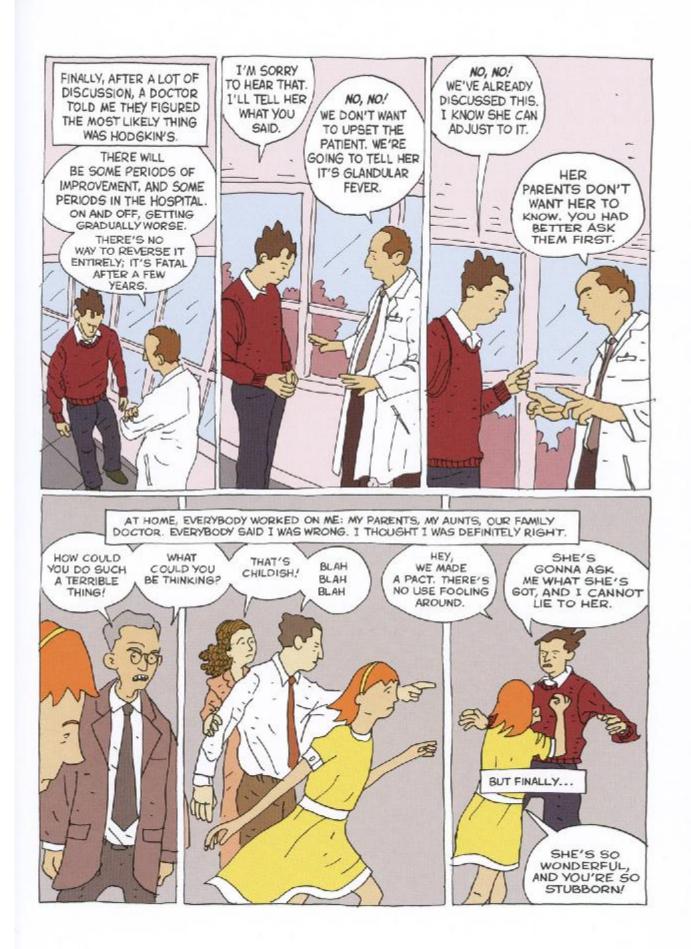


THEY RAN ALL SORTS
OF TESTS AND X-RAY
TREATMENTS FOR THIS
"HODGKIN'S DISEASE?"
AND HELD SPECIAL
MEETINGS TO DISCUSS
THIS PECULIAR CASE.
I REMEMBER WAITING
FOR HER OUTSIDE
ONCE, WHEN...

TELL ME, HAVE YOU EVER COUGHED UP BLOOD?









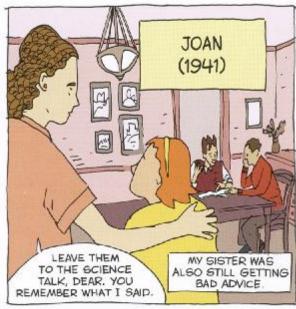












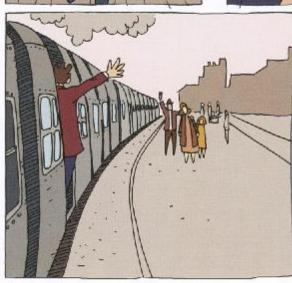






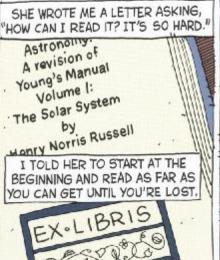
























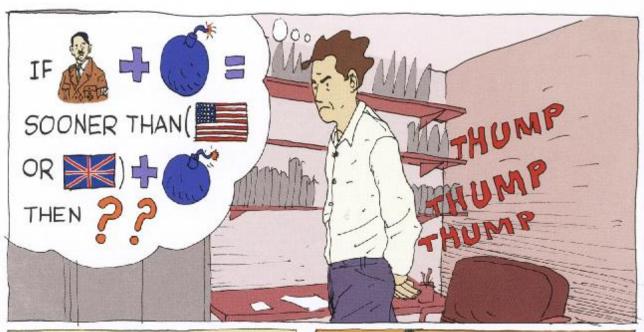


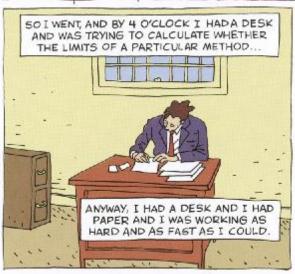






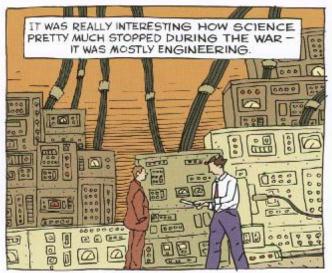


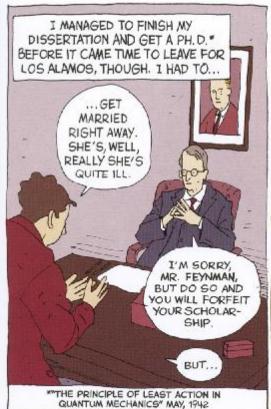


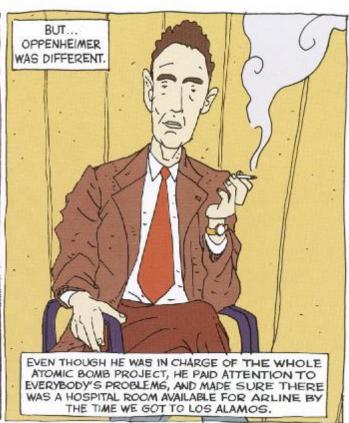




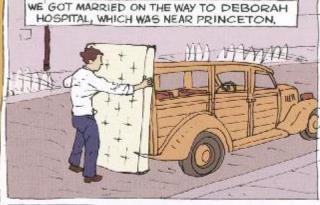








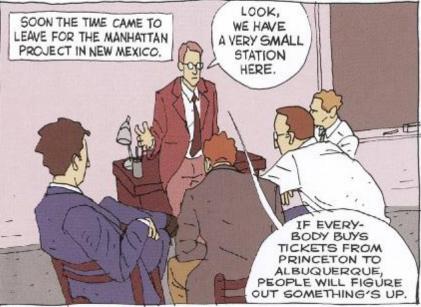


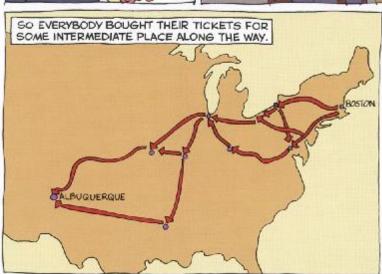




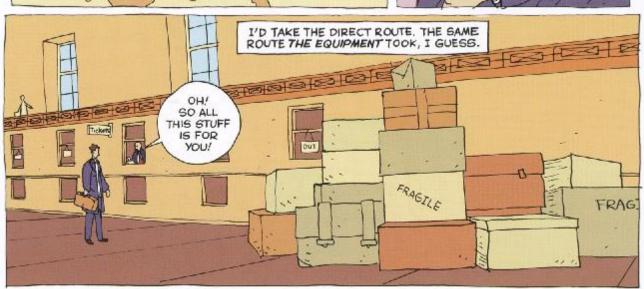


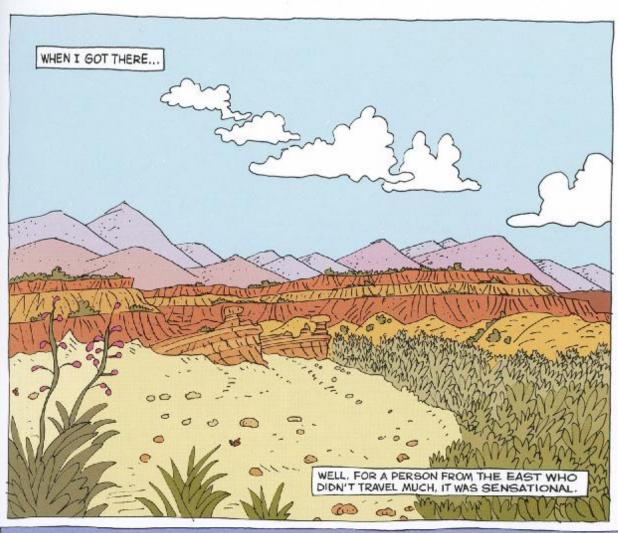


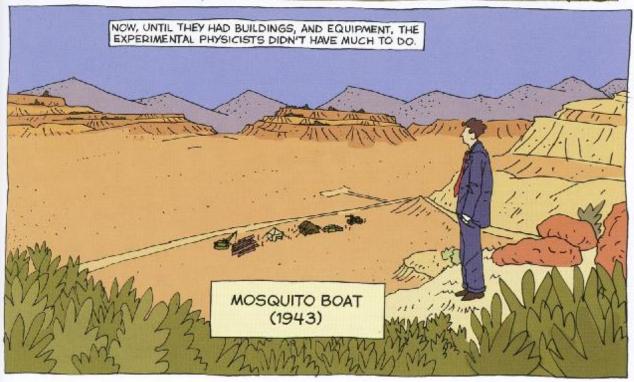


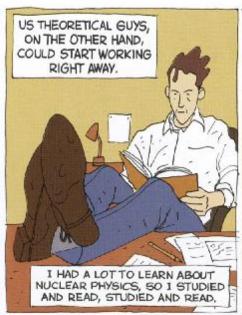






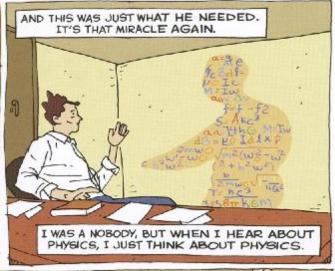








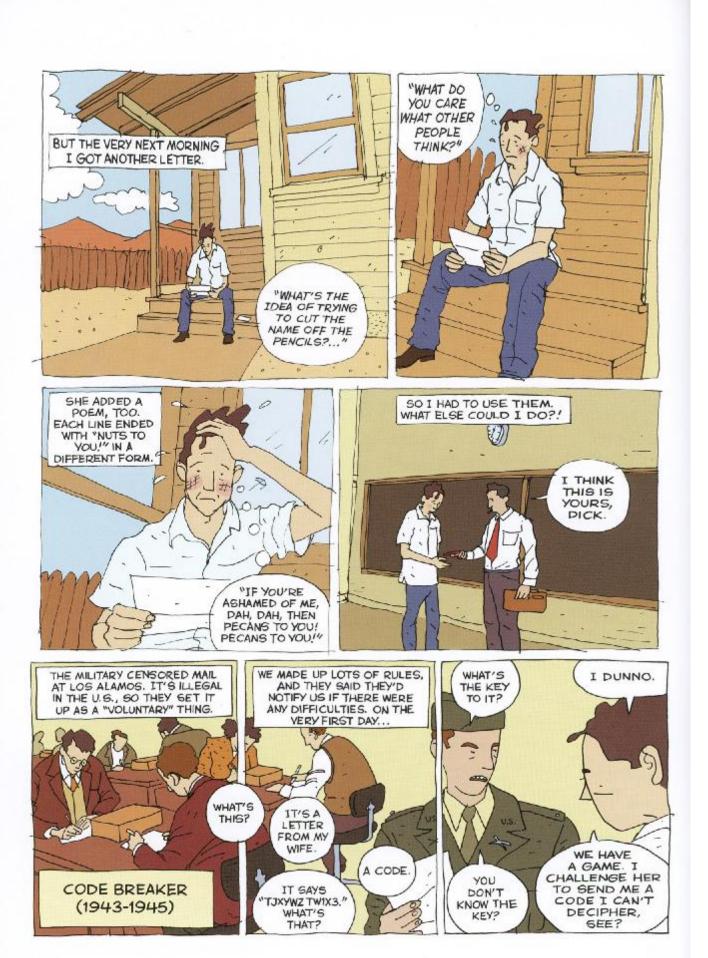




















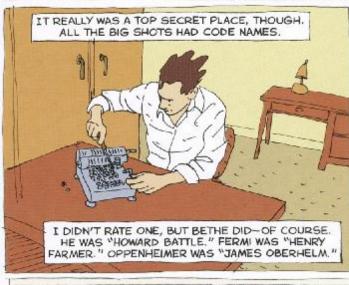


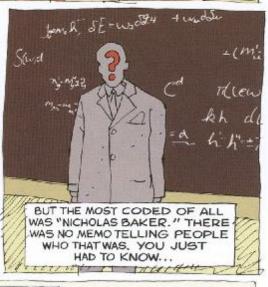






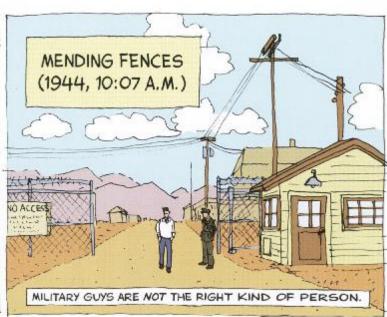


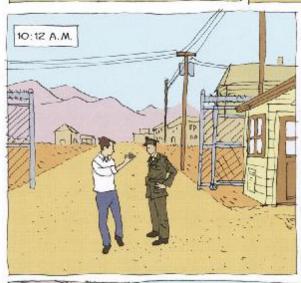




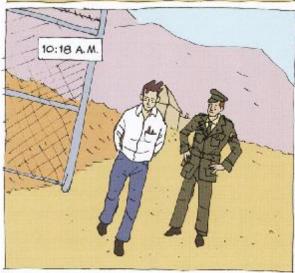










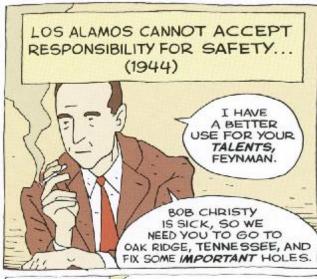


















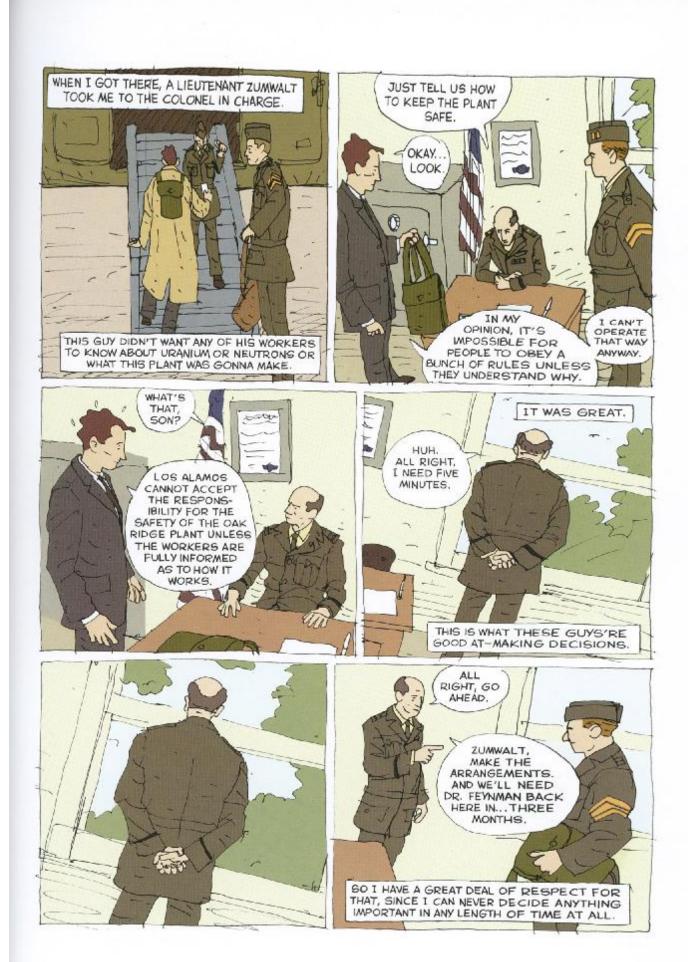


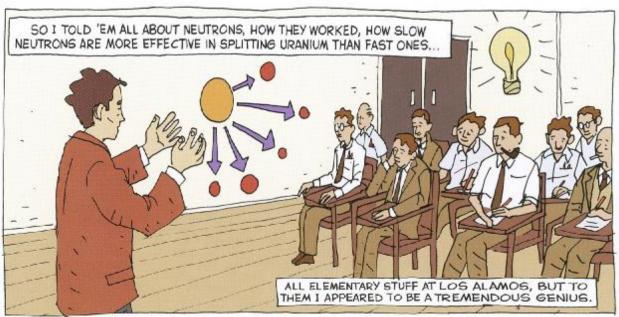


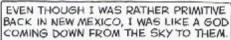




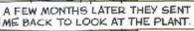


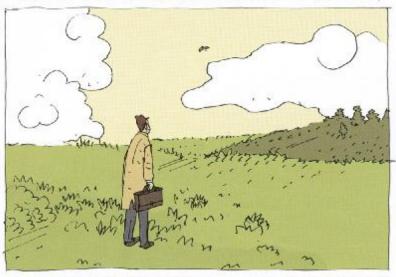






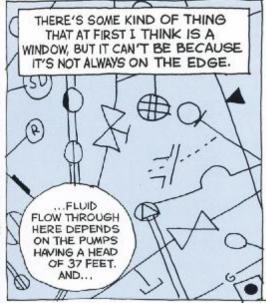








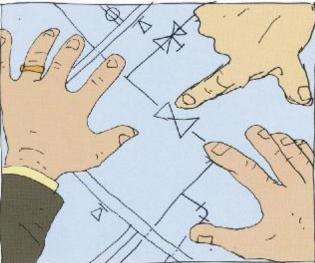








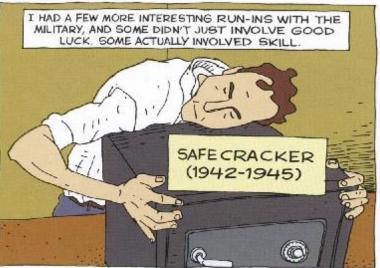


















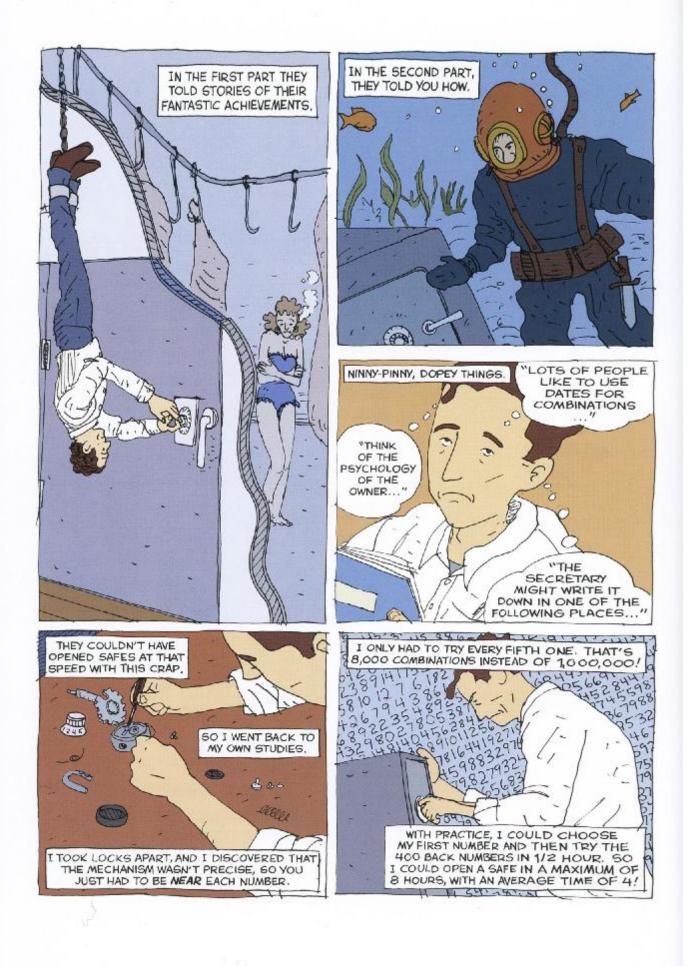


























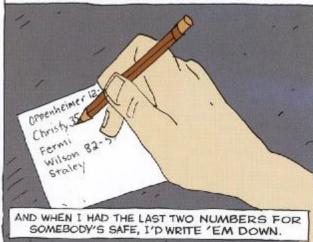


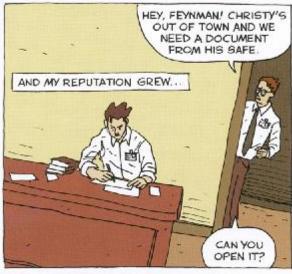






YOU DO IT UNOBTRUSIVELY, SO IT LOOKS LIKE A HABIT YOU MIGHT HAVE OF TAPPING YOUR PEN OR SOMETHING. SO NOBODY REALLY NOTICED... I'M NOT REALLY DOING ANYTHING, YOU KNOW?







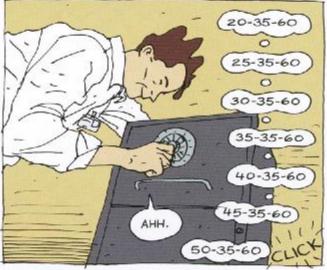




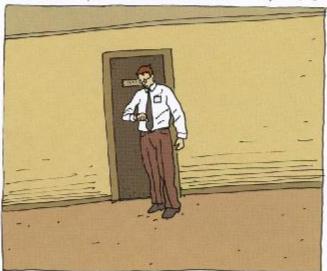






















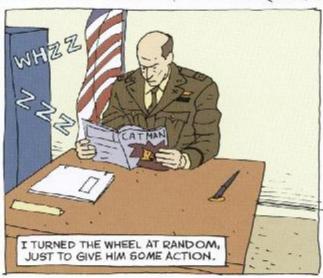




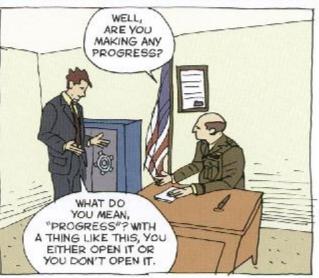








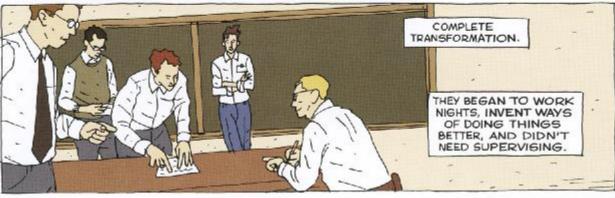






















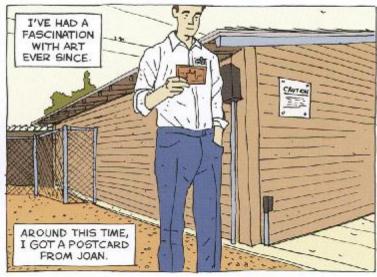


麻烦





I LEARNED WHAT SHE MEANT. AN
AESTHETIC THING HAS A CERTAIN SET,
A CERTAIN CHARACTER I CAN'T
DEFINE. BUT SHE TAUGHT ME THAT
THERE IS SOMETHING TO IT.





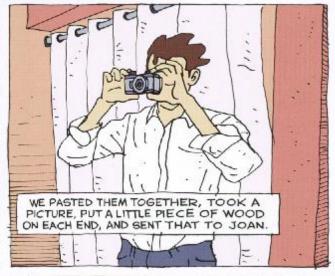








SO WE TRANSLATED HER CARD, THEN PICKED OUT FOUR CHARACTERS THAT MADE SENSE TOGETHER, AND I PRACTICED UNTIL I ACCIDENTALLY MADE ONE GOOD EXAMPLE OF EACH.

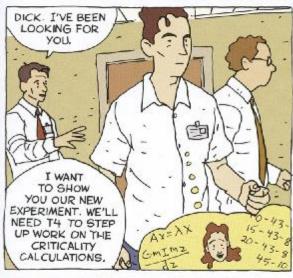




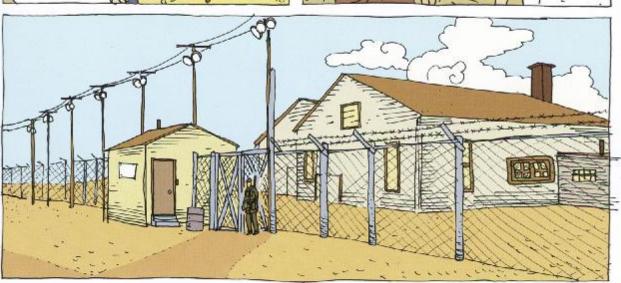




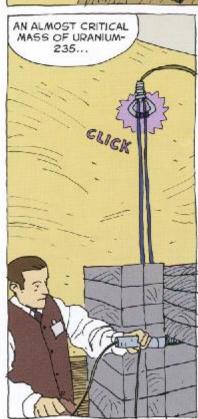










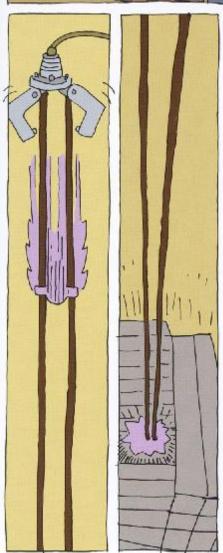


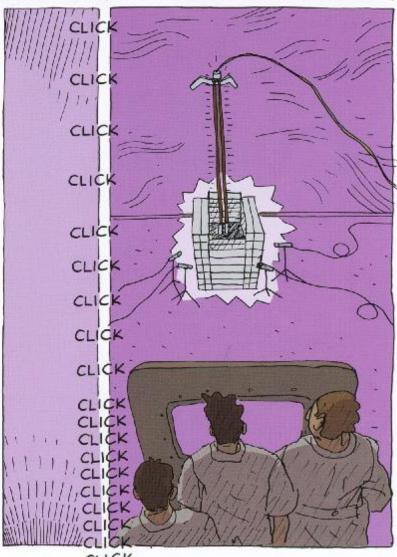








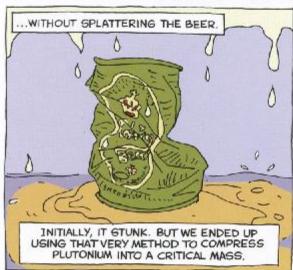


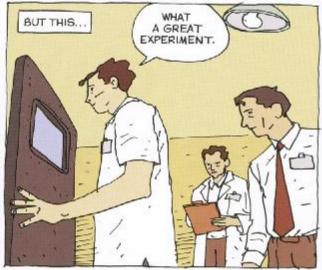


CTICK CTICK CTICK CTICK









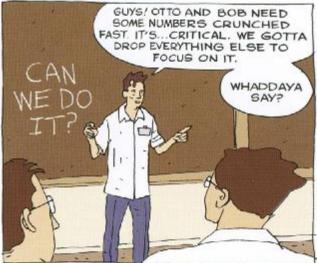










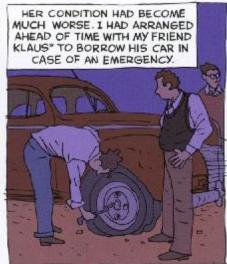


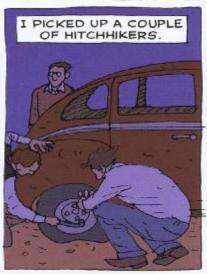
















* KLAUS FUCHS TURNED OUT TO BE A RUSSIAN SPY, AND HE'D USED THIS SAME CAR TO TAKE SECRETS OUT OF LOS ALAMOS. BUT NOBODY KNEW THAT THEN,





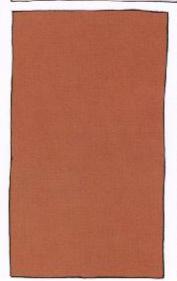




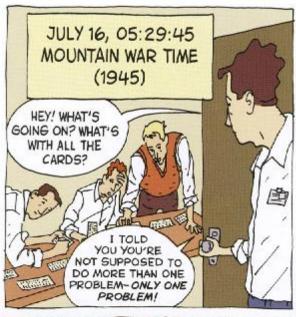


"...It is such a terribly long time since I last wrote you-almost two years but I know you'll excuse me because you understand how I am, stubborn and realistic, I thought there was no sense in writing.

"But now I know, my darling wife, that it is right to do what I have delayed in doing, and what I have done so much in the past. I want to tell you I love you. I want to love you. I will always love you.



"P.S. Please excuse my not mailing this—but I don't know your new address."





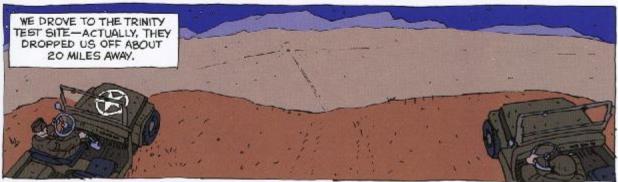


















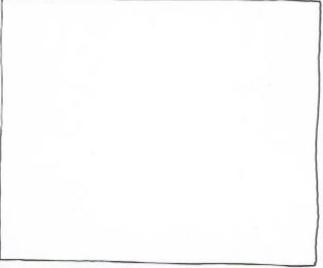




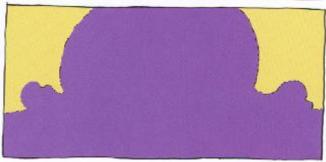


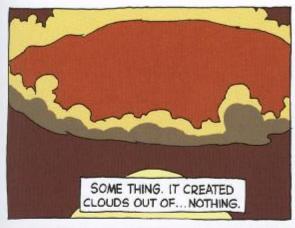
I'D HELPED CALCULATE HOW POWERFUL IT MIGHT BE, AND KNEW MANY THINGS HAD TO GO JUST RIGHT TO GET A REALLY BIG BLAST.







































WITH THIS THING, MAYBE WE COULD END THE WAR











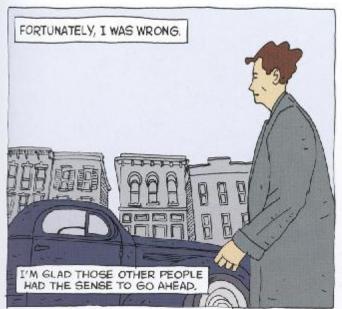




































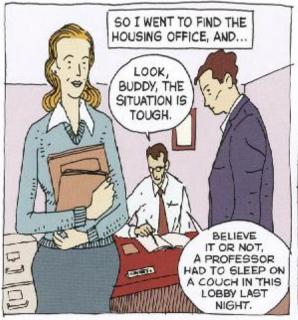


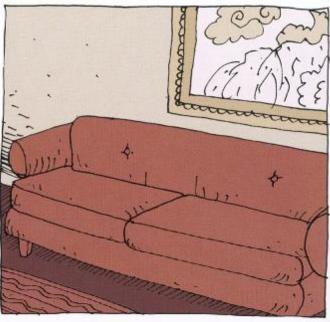


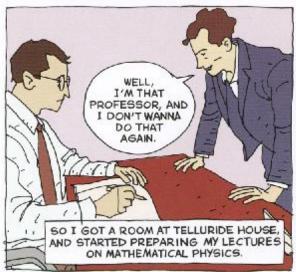


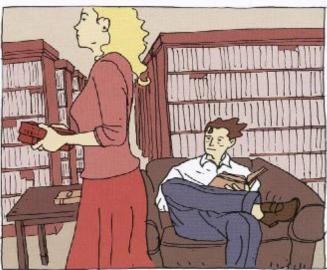


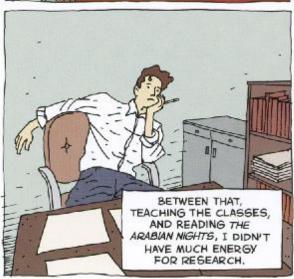






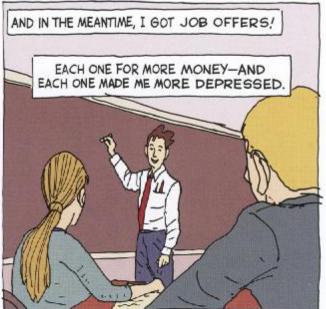










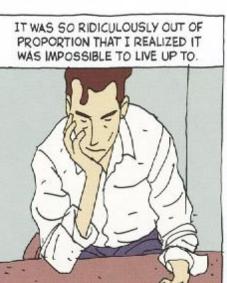














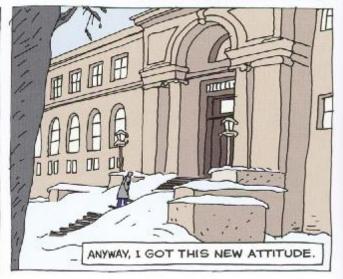


AND IT WASN'T MY RESPONSIBILITY

TO LIVE UP TO IT!











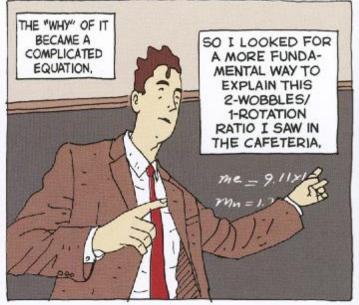


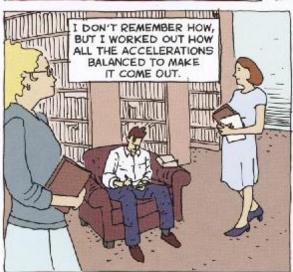
















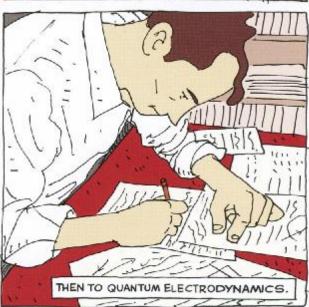




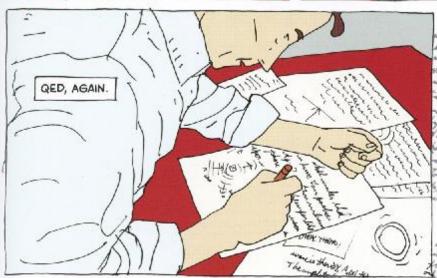


AND THE EQUATIONS OF WOBBLES I WORKED





(made is say (Size) + MONEY



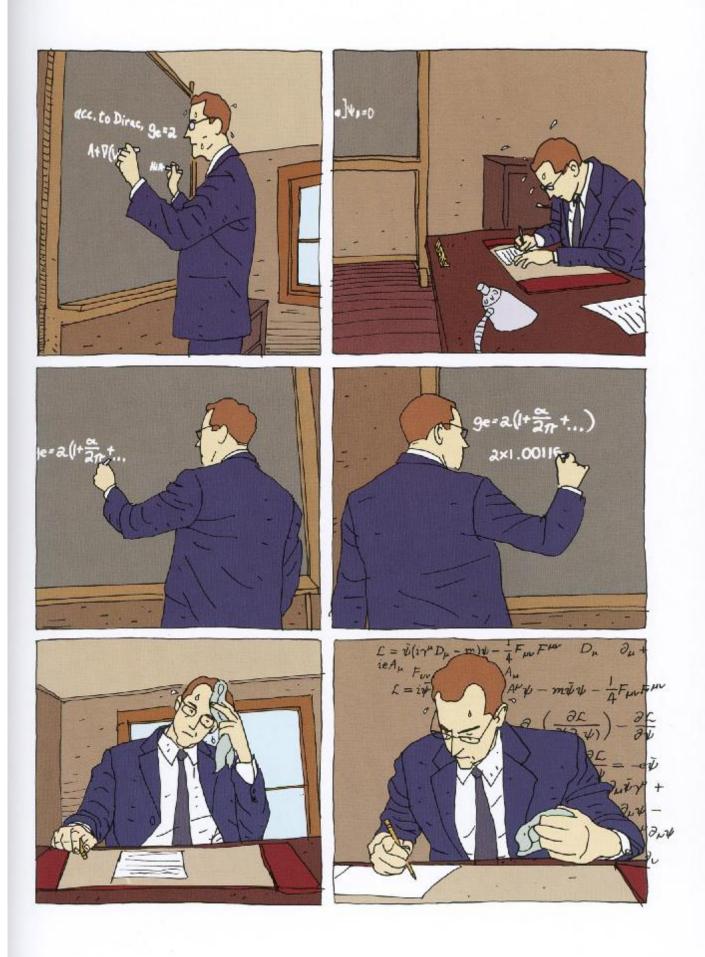




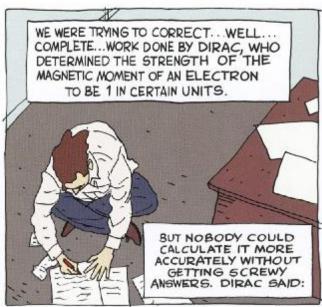










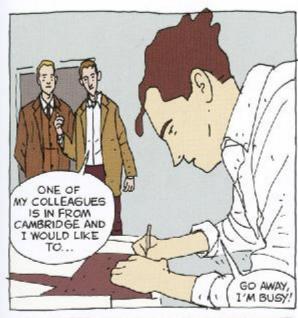














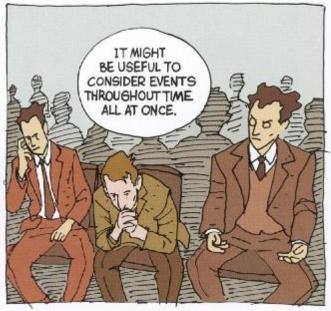






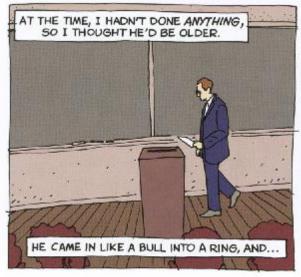


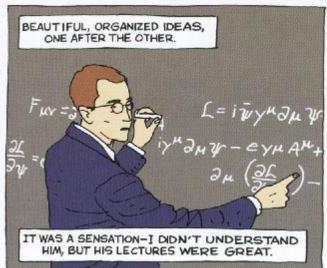








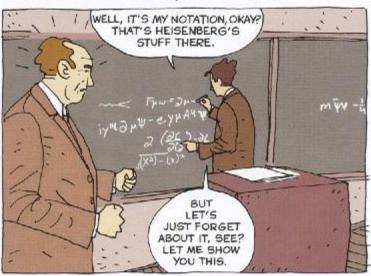


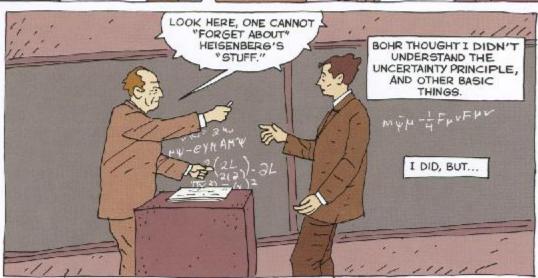


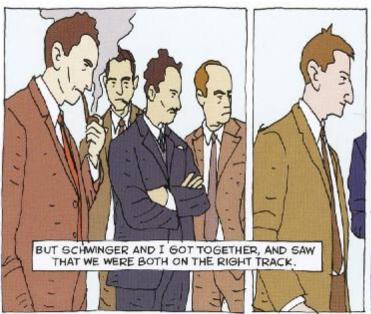




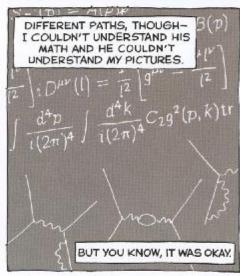














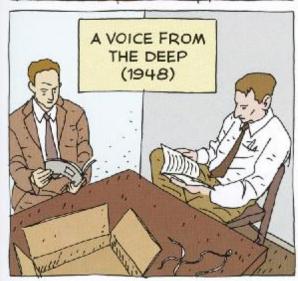






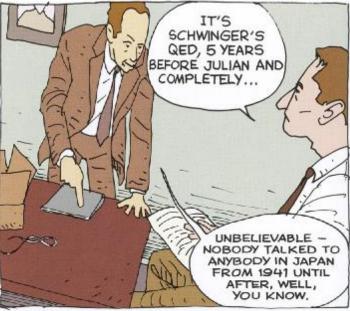




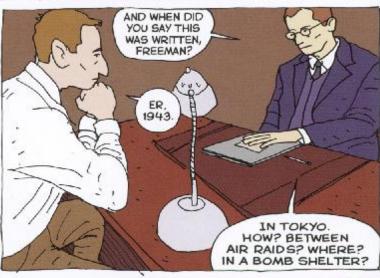




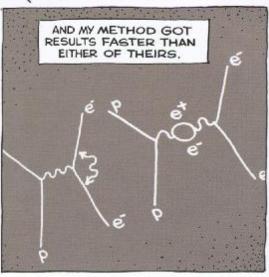








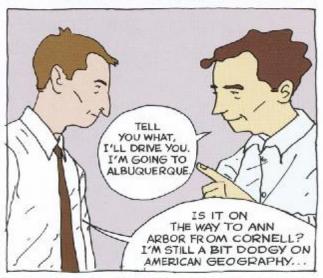






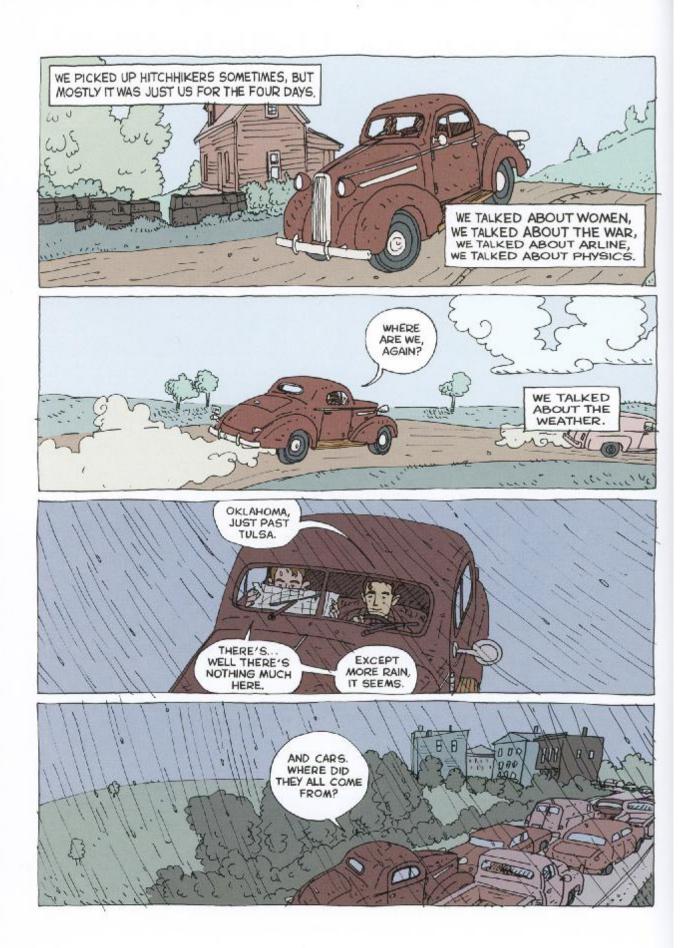






























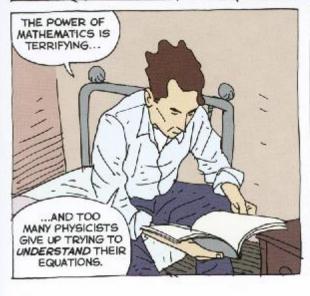






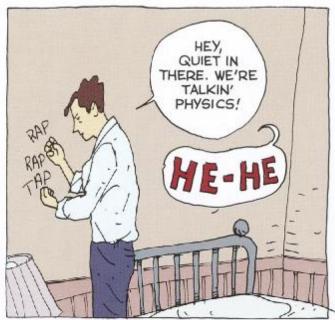












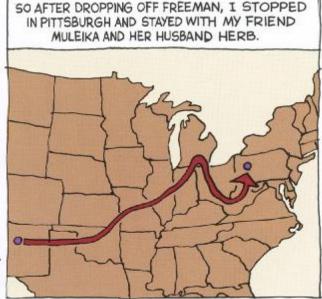




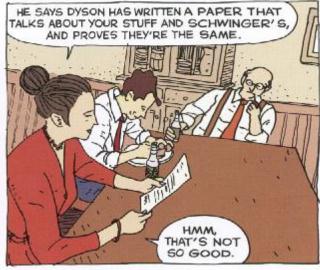




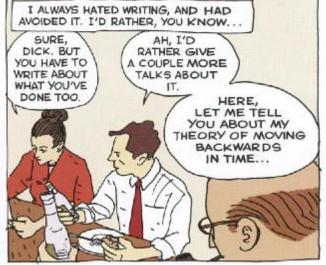






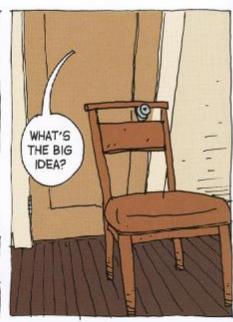














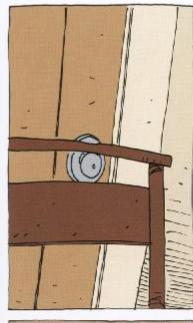




















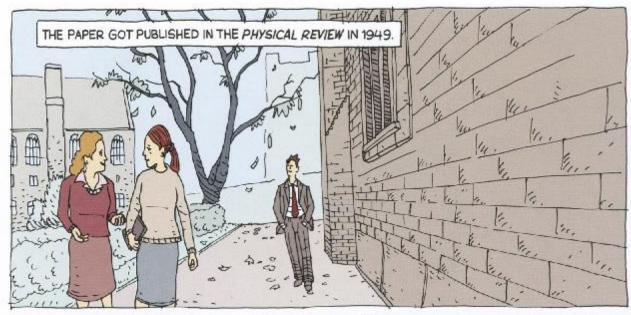


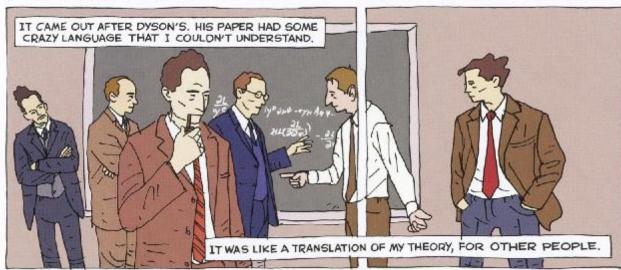




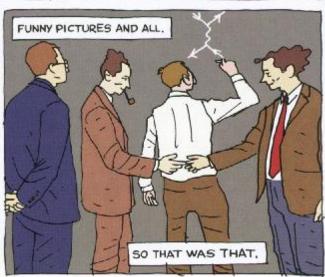


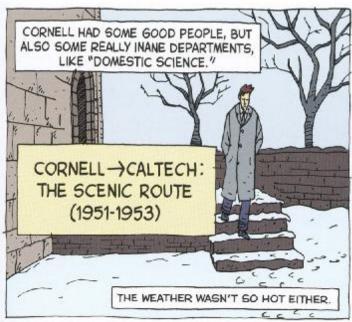












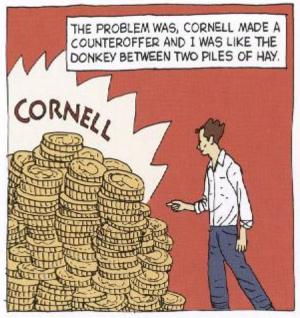






















I WENT OUT TO THE BARS WITH THEM AND HAD A FEW DRINKS SEVERAL NIGHTS A WEEK.













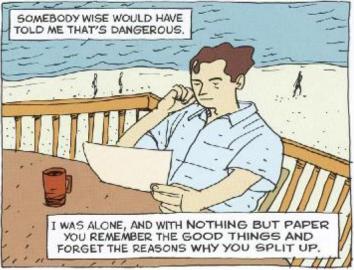






























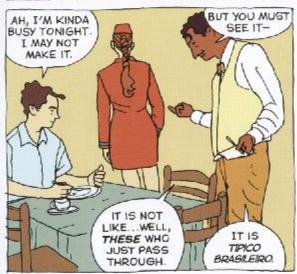


STREETS, AND IT WAS ENTIRELY UNLIKE IN THE U.S.





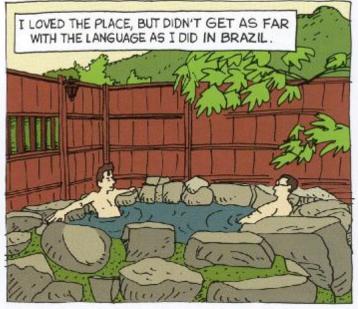
















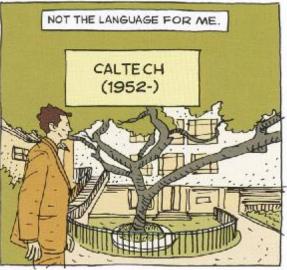




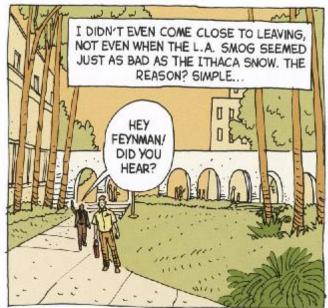


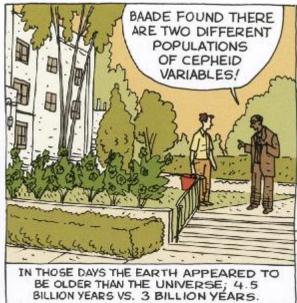






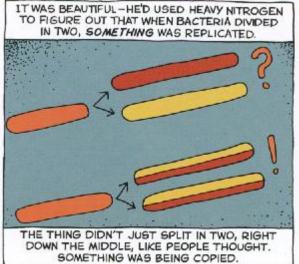








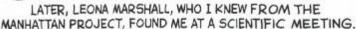


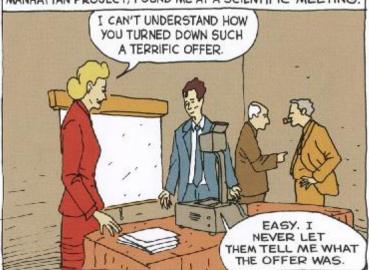




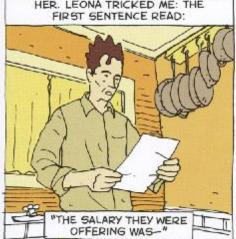








A WEEK LATER I GOT A LETTER FROM HER. LEONA TRICKED ME: THE FIRST SENTENCE READ:







"WITH THAT SALARY, I COULD GET A WONDERFUL MISTRESS, PUT HER UP IN AN APARTMENT, BUY HER NICE THINGS.

"I KNOW WHAT WOULD HAPPEN: I'D WORRY ABOUT HER, I'D HAVE ARGUMENTS AT HOME.

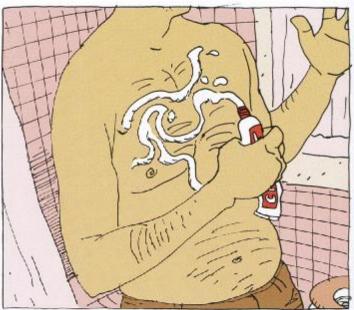


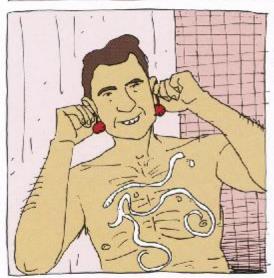
"THAT WOULD MAKE ME UNHAPPY, AND I WOULDN'T BE ABLE TO DO ANY PHYSICS.

"IT WOULD BE A BIG MESS!

























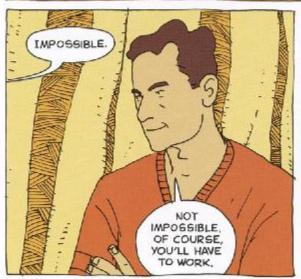


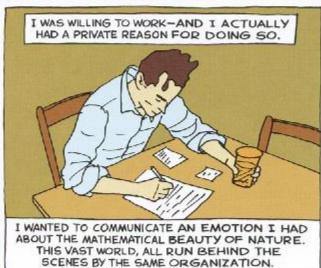










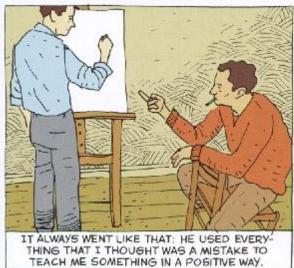




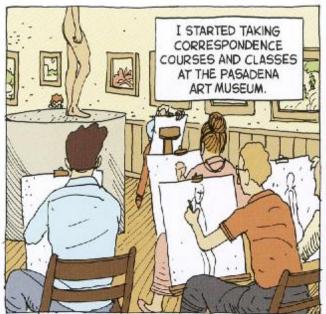






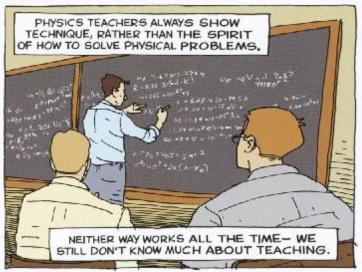


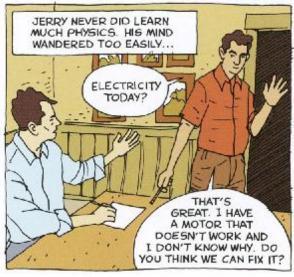




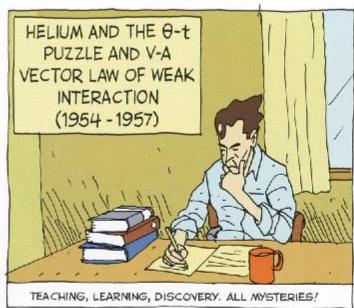


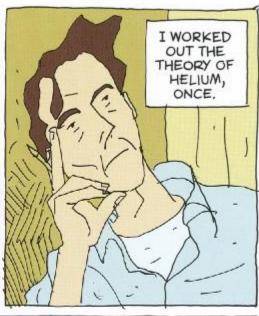


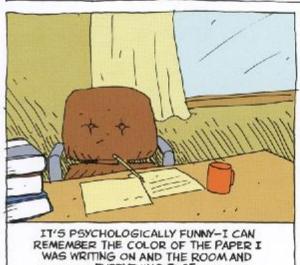




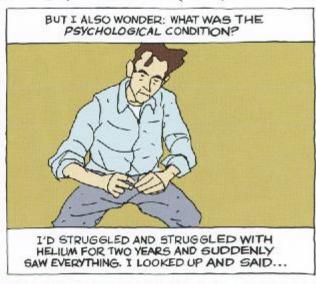








EVERYTHING ELGE.















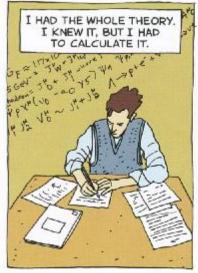


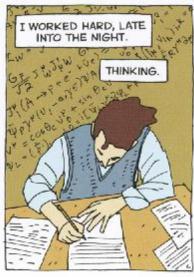
BUT WHEN I GOT BACK HOME AND

HEARD MY FRIEND MURRAY GELL-

NEUTRON DISINTIGRATION WAS

MANN PROPOSE THAT PROTON-







AND AS I LOOKED AT IT, I FELT THAT IT WAS THE FIRST AND ONLY TIME THAT I KNEW A LAW OF NATURE THAT NO ONE ELSE KNEW.









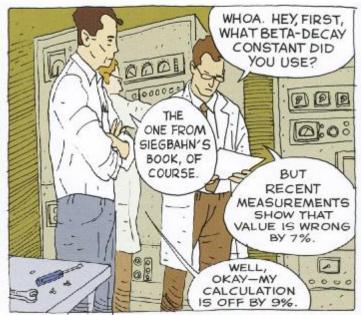






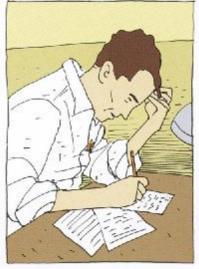
















AND EXPERIMENT WAS REALLY

ONLY 2%



MY QED WAS A MORE EFFICIENT WAY OF CALCULATING THINGS,

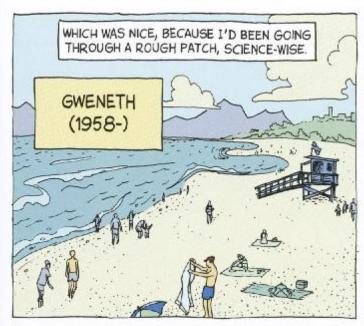
AND A GREAT WAY TO SWEEP

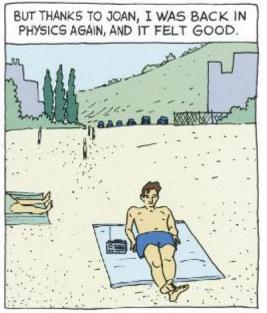
SOME PROBLEMS UNDER THE RUG, SO TO SPEAK. AND PEOPLE WERE USING MY FUNNY PICTURES.

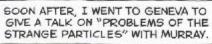


BUT THIS. THIS WAS A LAW OF NATURE. NOT A BIG ONE, AND I WASN'T REALLY THE ONLY GUY WHO KNEW IT.

BUT AT THAT MOMENT I THOUGHT I WAS IT, AND AS I BEHELD IT IN MY MIND'S EYE, THE GODDAM THING WAS SPARKLING, IT WAS SHINING SO BRIGHTLY.

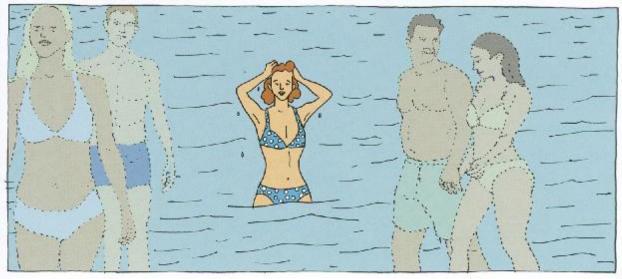














AND I SAW HER, AND I EXPERIENCED THE STRANGEST THING-I HAD NO IDEA WHAT TO SAY.



THAT DOESN'T HAPPEN OFTEN. I HADN'T BEEN IN THIS CONDITION SINCE...









SHE WORKED AS AN AU PAIR GIRL FOR AN ENGLISH FAMILY-AND LUCKY FOR ME SHE WASN'T MAKING ENOUGH MONEY.

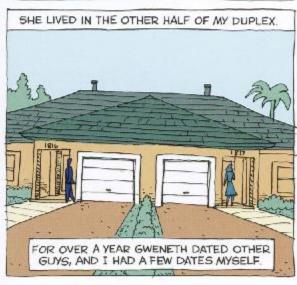
HEY,
I'LL PAY
YOU MORE JUST
TO TAKE CARE
OF MY HOUSE
FOR ME!

I CAN ONLY
COOK STEAK,
LAMB CHOPS, AND
PORK CHOPS WITH
PEAS, CORN, OR LIMA BEANS.















I DON'T ALWAYS KNOW IT WHEN IT HAPPENS, BUT LIKE I SAID TO FERMI, I GET SOME OF MY BEST IDEAS AT THE BEACH.



AROUND THAT TIME I SUFFERED FROM A DISEASE OF MIDDLE AGE, AND GAVE SOME PHILOSOPHICAL TALKS ABOUT SCIENCE. THE DISEASE ONLY LASTED A WHILE, BUT IT RESULTED IN SOME INTERESTING CONVERSATIONS...

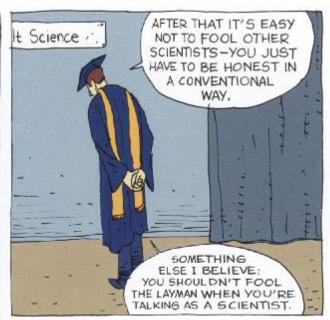




STOPPED ACCEPTING THAT KIND OF INVITATION AND STUCK WITH WHAT I KNOW.

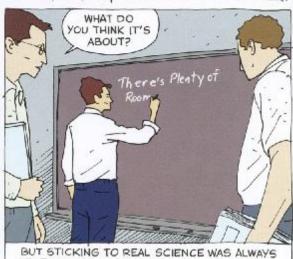




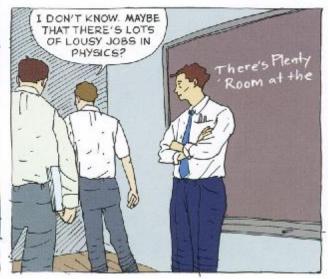


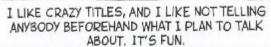


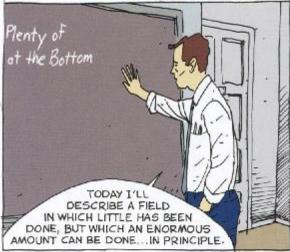


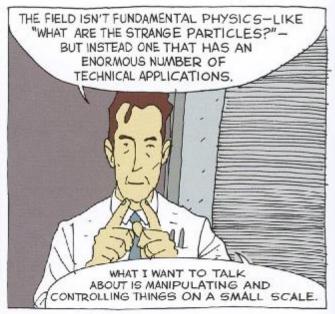


BEST. IT HAD SOME IN-TER-EST-ING RESULTS.





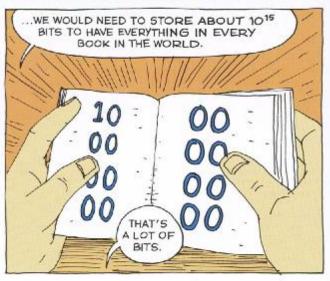


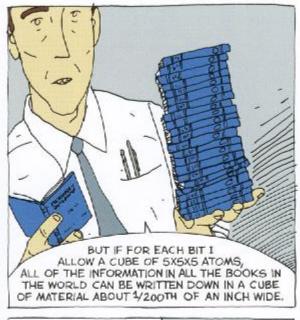


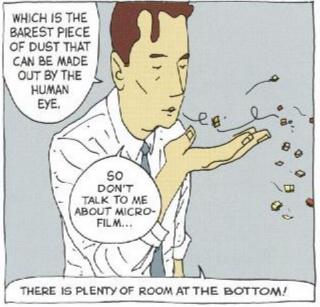


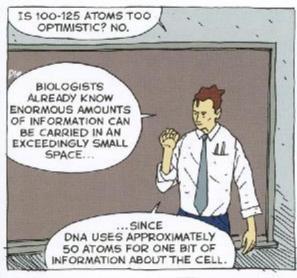


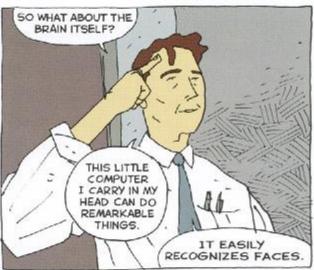




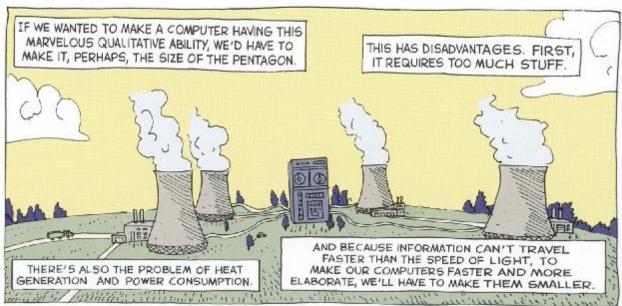






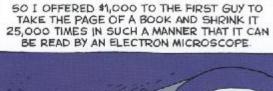


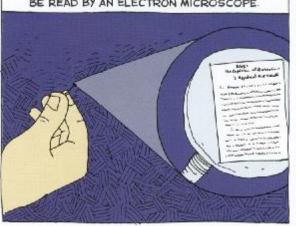














AND I OFFERED ANOTHER \$1,000 PRIZE TO THE FIRST GUY WHO MADE AN OPERATING ELECTRIC MOTOR ONLY 1/64 INCH ON EACH SIDE.















AND I WAS A LITTLE DISAPPOINTED
THAT HE DIDN'T HAVE TO CREATE A
MAJOR NEW FABRICATION
TECHNIQUE TO BUILD IT.



BUT STILL ... THERE IT WAS!
FORTUNATELY, IT TOOK UNTIL 1986
FOR SOMEONE TO CLAIM THE SMALL
WRITING PRIZE. I WAS A LITTLE
MORE SET BY THEN.

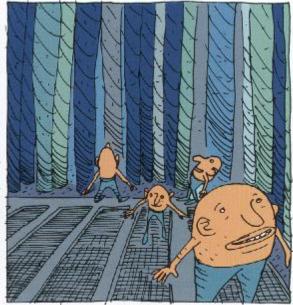




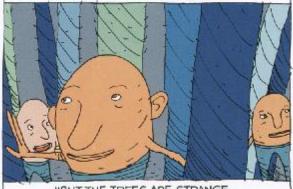








"NOW, REMEMBER THE LITTLE PEOPLE FROM LAST TIME? WELL, THEY'RE GOING ON A PICNIC TONIGHT. THEY HAVE A LONG WAY TO WALK, THROUGH THE WOODS.



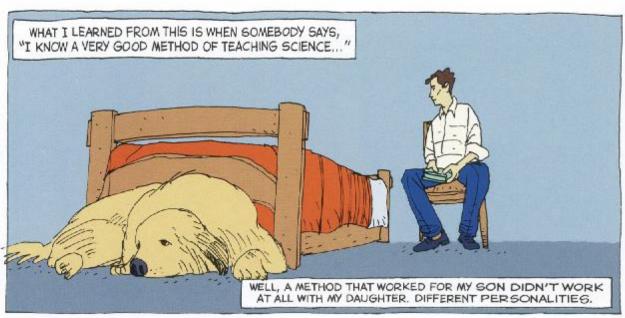
"BUT THE TREES ARE STRANGE-THEY HAVE NO BRANCHES, JUST TRUNKS.

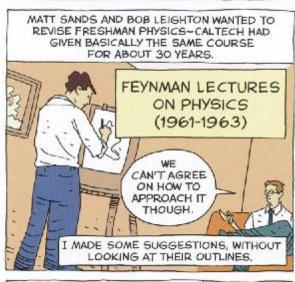


"AT THE ENTRANCE OF THE CAVE, THE WIND IS COOL COMING IN, BUT WARM AIR BLOWS OUT OF IT.









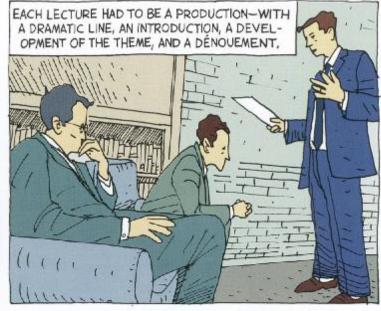






*PHYSICS X WAS A WEEKLY, UNOFFICIAL "COURSE" WHERE UNDERGRADUATES GOT TOGETHER WITH FEYNMAN AND ASKED HIM ANY (PHYSICS) QUESTIONS THEY WANTED.

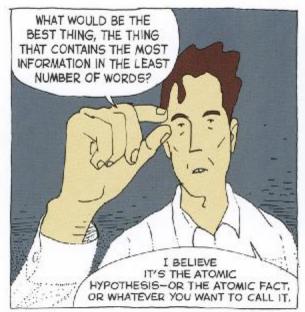


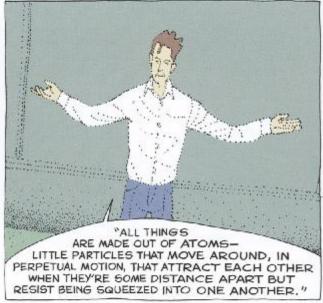


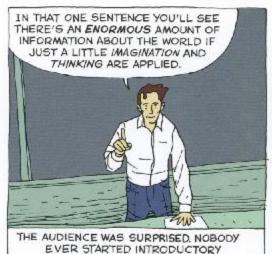












PHYSICS LIKE THIS.





MAKING THINGS AS CLEAR AS I COULD.







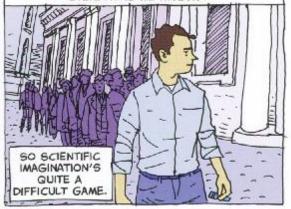




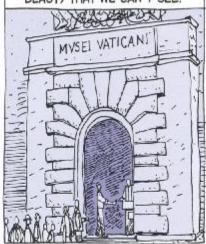
I EVEN GOT TO TALK A LITTLE BIT ABOUT BEAUTY IN ONE OF THE LECTURES—"SOLUTIONS OF MAXWELL'S EQUATIONS IN FREE SPACE."



IN IT I POINTED OUT THAT SCIENCE MAKES TERRIFIC DEMANDS ON THE IMAGINATION... WHATEVER WE'RE ALLOWED TO IMAGINE IN SCIENCE MUST BE CONSISTENT WITH EVERYTHING WE KNOW.



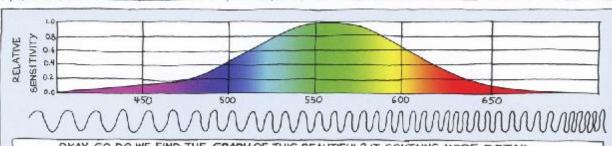
WHILE I WAS ON THE SUBJECT I TALKED ABOUT WHETHER IT'LL EVER BE POSSIBLE TO IMAGINE BEAUTY THAT WE CAN'T SEE.





WHEN WE LOOK AT A RAINBOW, IT LOOKS BEAUTIFUL TO US. EVERY-BODY SAYS, "OHH, A RAINBOW."







THE EYE, HOWEVER, FINDS RAINBOWS THEMSELVES BEAUTIFUL. DO WE HAVE ENOUGH IMAGINATION TO SEE IN THE SPECTRAL CURVES THE SAME BEAUTY WE SEE WHEN WE LOOK UP?



I DON'T KNOW. I BELIEVE THERE'S BEAUTY IN ALL DIMENSIONS. FROM THE ELECTROMAGNETIC SPECTRUM TO CELLS IN FLOWERS TO...







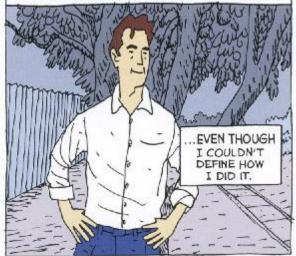
THEN MY EYE CAME DOWN A LITTLE AND I







THIS GAVE A BIG BOOST FOR MY SELF-CONFIDENCE-IN MY ABILITY TO APPRECIATE BEAUTY ON A LARGER SCALE THAN NANOMETERS...



AS A SCIENTIST YOU ALWAYS THINK YOU KNOW WHAT YOU'RE DOING, SO YOU DISTRUST AN ARTIST WHO SAYS, "IT'S GREAT," OR "IT'S NO GOOD," AND THEN CAN'T EXPLAIN WHY.



AN OFFER YOU CAN'T REFUSE (OCTOBER 1965)

RING-RING











I OFTEN KID AROUND WITH GWENETH, BUT SHE'S SO SMART SHE'S NEVER FOOLED. THIS TIME I CAUGHT HER.

RING-RING
RING-RING







I TOOK THE PHONE OFF THE HOOK, AND TRIED TO GET BACK TO GLEEP.









LOTS OF REPORTERS CALLED, WITH LOTS OF QUESTIONS. BUT MY ANGWERS WEREN'T VERY GOOD BECAUSE I HAD A QUESTION OF MY OWN...EVENTUALLY I GOT ONE OF THEM TO SPEAK "OFF THE RECORD."



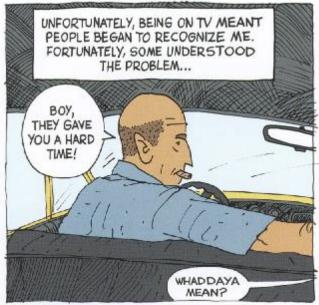


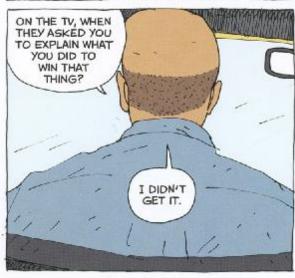




WHAT I WON THE PRIZE FOR. BUT THEY

DIDN'T REALLY WANT TO KNOW.











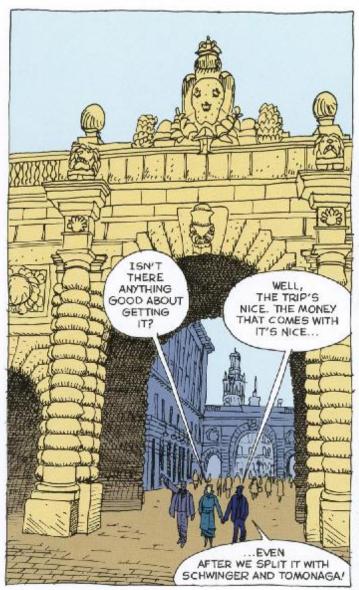


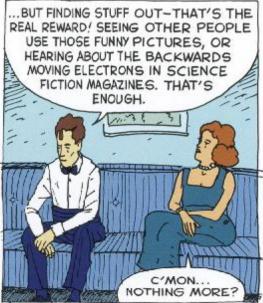


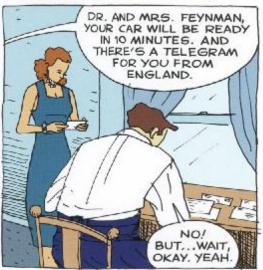


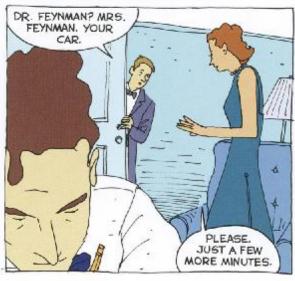


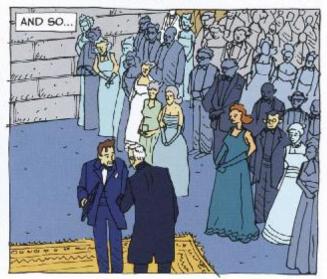


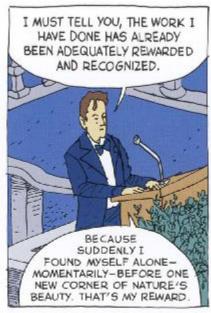




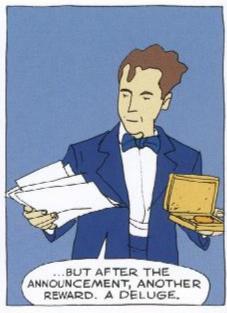






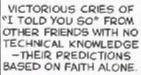








MESSAGES ABOUT FATHERS TURNING EXCITEDLY TO WIVES, DAUGHTERS RUNNING UP AND DOWN THE APARTMENT HOUSE RINGING DOORBELLS WITH NEWS.

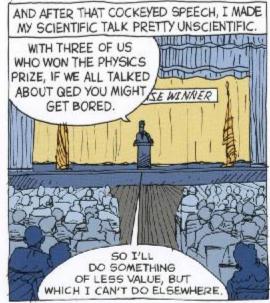




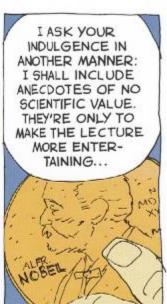




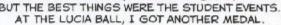


















I'D READ "THE FROGS" BY





THE FORMAL, SOCIAL OCCASIONS WERE A LITTLE DIFFERENT. THE DANCING WAS STILL GOOD...















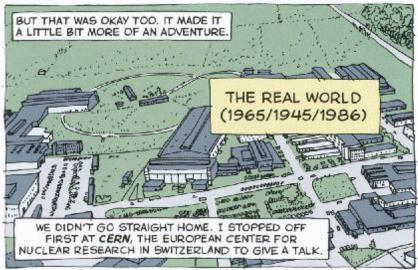




SEE THE NOTES AT THE END OF THE BOOK TO FIND OUT WHY TOMONAGE DIDN'T MAKE IT TO THE CEREMONY.





























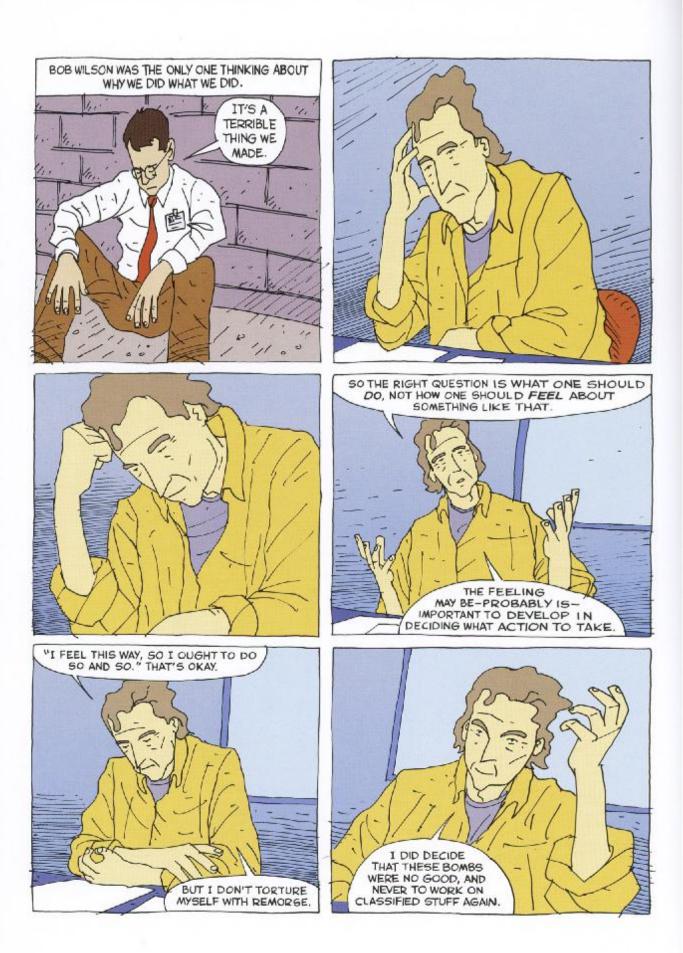












ANYWAY, JUST LIKE BEFORE THE PRIZE, SOME-TIMES I HAD LONG PERIODS WHERE I COULDN'T DO ANY KIND OF WORK.



I STILL GAVE TALKS, BUT ORIGINAL RESEARCH?























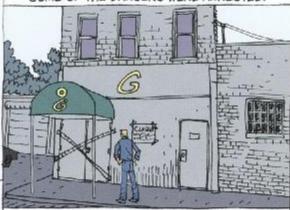


THERE WERE PICTURES HANGING AROUND THE PLACE, BUT I DIDN'T LIKE 'EM MUCH.



I HAD A RATHER NICE DRAWING I'D MADE OF MY FAVORITE MODEL, KATHY, SO I GAVE IT TO THE OWNER AND HE WAS DELIGHTED.

ONE DAY THERE WAS A POLICE RAID, AND SOME OF THE DANCERS WERE ARRESTED.



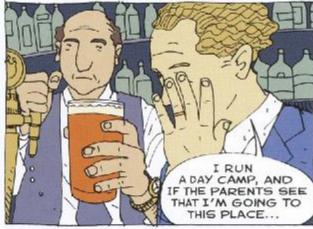
THERE WAS A BIG COURT CASE ABOUT IT-IT WAS IN ALL THE LOCAL PAPERS.

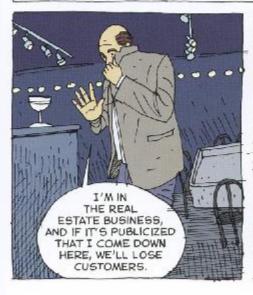
FROM THEN ON, HE MADE SURE I WASN'T BOTHERED BY DRUNKS. BUT IF A GIRL CAME OVER, HE DID NOTHING.

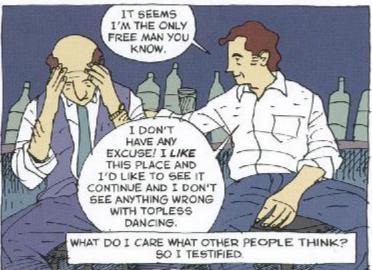


GIANONE AND I HAD A VERY GOOD RELATIONSHIP.

GIANONE WENT TO ALL THE CUSTOMERS AND ASKED IF THEY'D TESTIFY IN SUPPORT OF HIM. EVERYBODY HAD AN EXCUSE.



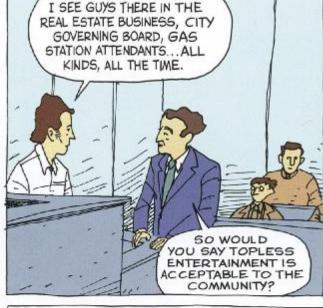






THAT GOT INTO THE PAPERS-THE CALTECH

PROFESSOR OF PHYSICS GOES TO SEE

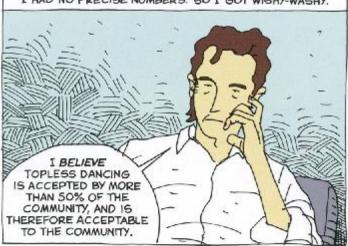




THE LAWYER SUGGESTS A FIGURE. THE OTHER LAWYER OBJECTED. THE JUDGE CALLED A RECESS, AND THEY WENT INTO CHAMBERS FOR 15 MINUTES. WHEN THEY CAME BACK...



IN SPITE OF THE FACT THAT I MADE THEM BE PRECISE, I HAD NO PRECISE NUMBERS. GO I GOT WISHY-WASHY.



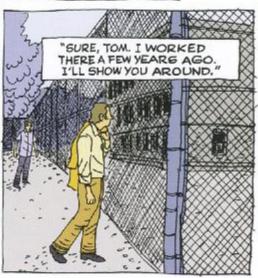
GIANONE LOST, BUT A VERY SIMILAR CASE ULTIMATELY WENT TO THE SUPREME COURT. IN THE THE MEANTIME, HE STAYED OPEN.

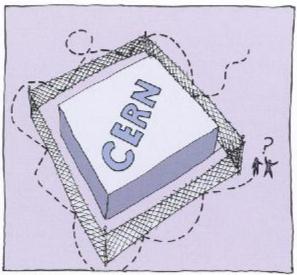


AND I GOT A LOT MORE FREE SODAS.







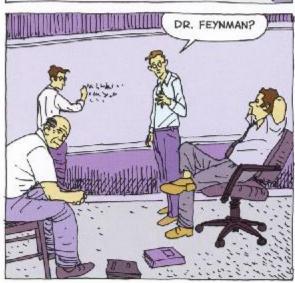




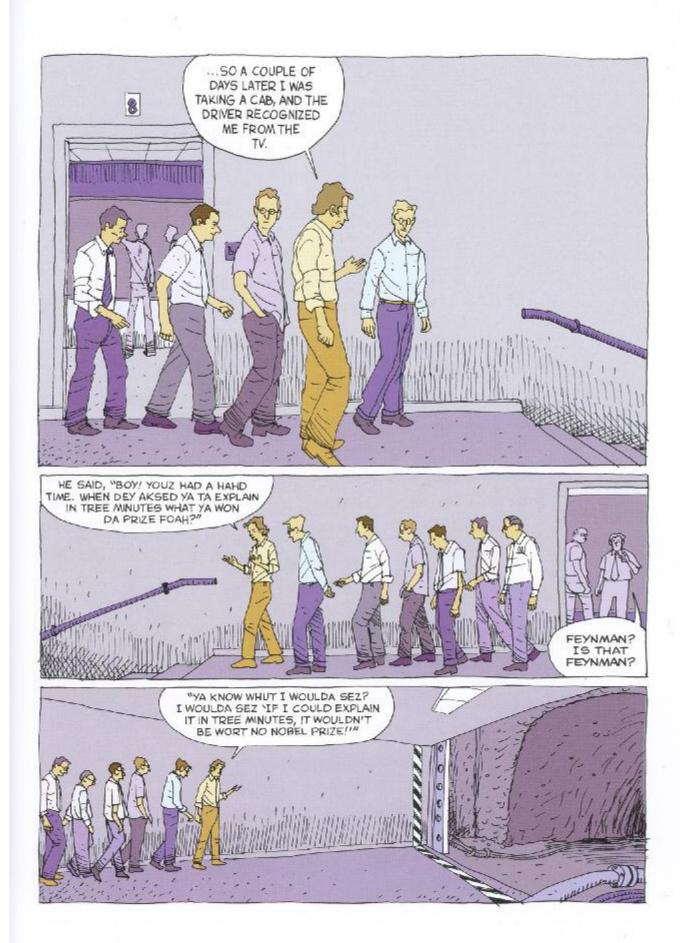


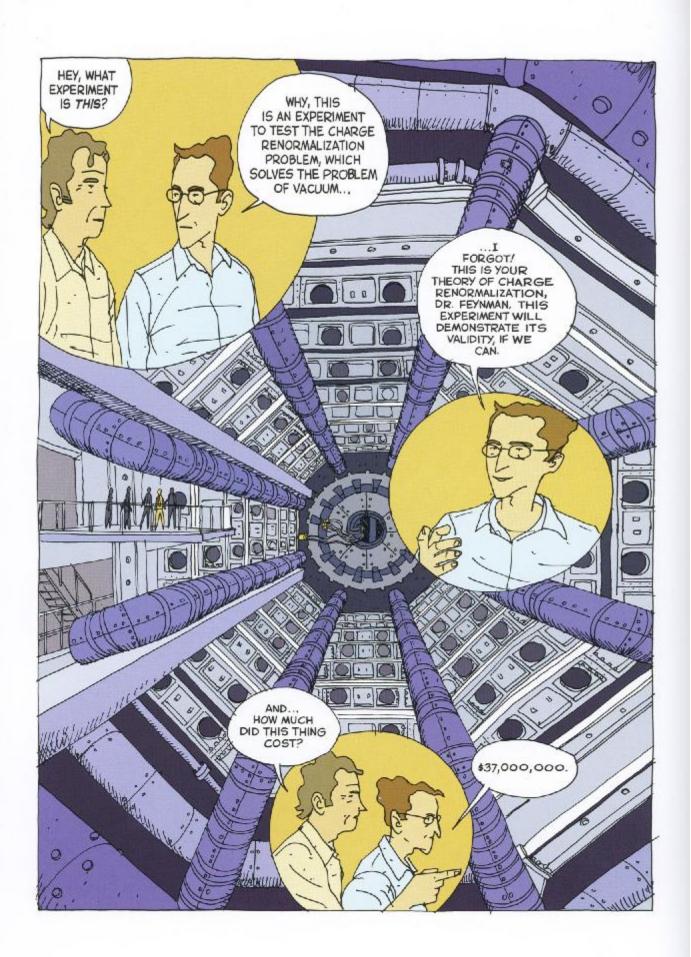














AROUND THAT TIME GWENETH AND I GOT TO GO TO ALASKA, AND TOURED THE AURORAL OBSERVATORY.



I WAS GIVING A TALK OR SOMETHING, AND IN RETURN AKASOFU—HE LED THE GROUP— SHOWED ME WHAT THEY WERE DOING.











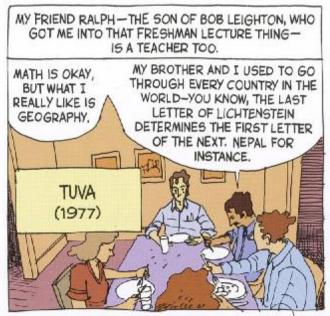


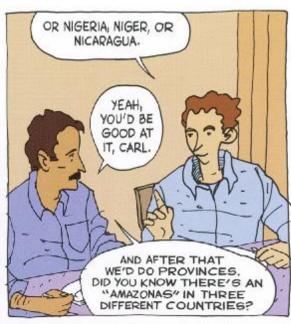




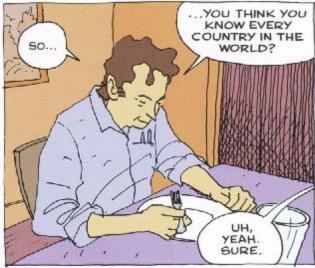




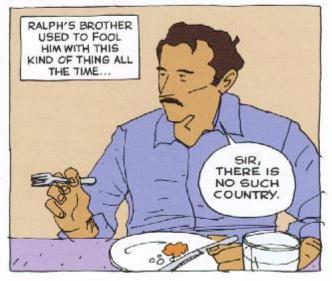


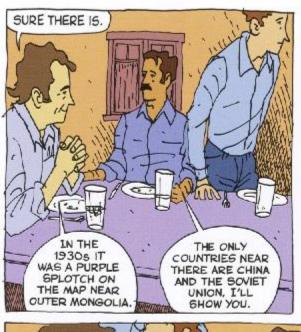








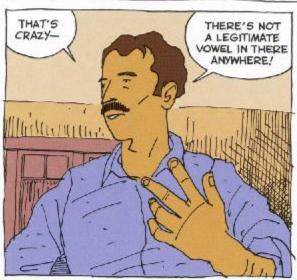


































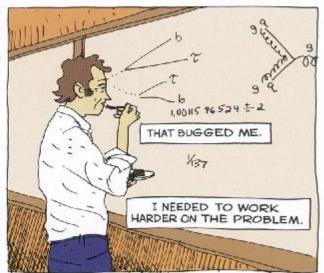












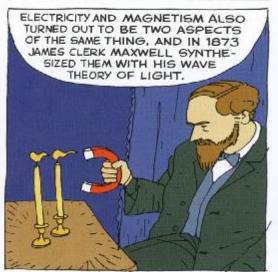


NEW ZEALAND IS FAR ENOUGH AWAY FROM HOME FOR ME THAT IF MY THEORY WAS WRONG, IT WOULD BE OKAY.



AN EXAMPLE IS HOW THE LAWS OF MOTION BECAME A THEORY EXPLAINING THE PROPERTIES OF HEAT. SIMILARLY, IF YOU UNDERSTAND HOW ATOMS MOVE IN AIR THAT EXPLAINS THE PROPERTIES OF SOUND.





ABOUT LIGHT: THERE'S THE STUFF WE CAN SEE, BUT IF THE WAVELENGTH GETS LONGER—INFRARED—WE CAN'T (BUT PIT VIPERS CAN) AND IF IT GETS SHORTER, —ULTRAVIOLET—BEE CAN'T. BUT AGAIN,



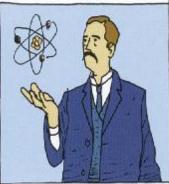






NEW ZEALAND
IS BEAUTIFUL, AND YOU
HAVE PLENTY OF ROOM, AND
NOT SO MANY PEOPLE, SO I
DON'T KNOW WHY YOU'RE
SO MODEST.

MAYBE IT'S ABOUT SCIENCE. BUT DON'T FORGET, YOU GAVE THE WORLD RUTHERFORD!



HE CREATED A WONDERFUL THEORY OF THE NUCLEAR ATOM, WITH ELECTRONS GOING AROUND, AND HE SAW THAT NEWTON'S LAWS OF MOTION DIDN'T WORK FOR IT.

THIS LED TO A CRISIS, AND IN 1926 THE QUANTUM LAWS OF MOTION FINALLY GOT WORKED OUT.



IT LOOKED COCKEYED, THOUGH, SINCE IT HAD NOTHING TO DO WITH COMMON SENSE. BUT IT'S A FANTASTIC SUCCESS FOR EXPLAINING ELECTRONS AND ATOMS.

IN THE MEANTIME, THE THEORY OF LIGHT ALSO HAD TO BE MODIFIED FROM THE WAVE THEORY BECAUSE WHEN LIGHT INTERACTS WITH ELECTRONS MAXWELL'S THEORY DOESN'T COME OUT RIGHT.



IN 1929 DIRAC USED THE THEORY OF RELATIVITY TO BRING THE TWO THEORIES TOGETHER AS "QUANTUM ELECTRO-DYNAMICS," WHICH WE CALL QED.



IT DIDN'T COVER ALL THE SITUATIONS IN WHICH LIGHT AND ELECTRONS INTERACT, BUT IT WAS CLOSE.



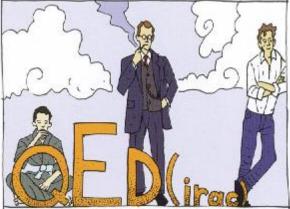
DIRAC'S THEORY PREDICTED THAT YOU'D CALCULATE A CERTAIN PROPERTY OF THE ELECTRON—THE STRENGTH OF ITS MAGNETIC MOMENT—AS HAVING A VALUE OF 1 IN CERTAIN UNITS.



SO THE TROUBLE WAS, THE THEORY SEEMED FINE BUT NOBODY COULD CALCULATE THIS NUMBER. NOT EVEN CLOSE.



IT WAS ABSURD, AND IT LASTED FOR A LONG TIME.
IN THE 1940'S THERE BEGAN A LOT OF EFFORT
TO GET THE THEORY STRAIGHTENED OUT.



IT TURNS OUT SURPRISINGLY THAT THREE GUYS

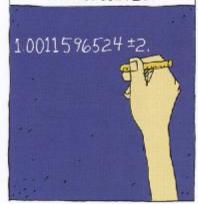
ONE OF WHICH YOU SEE HERE—WORKED IT OUT
INDEPENDENTLY, AND THEY GOT NOBEL PRIZES...

SCHWINGER—ONE OF THE OTHER GUYS WHO'S NOT ME—FIGURED OUT THAT THE ORIGINAL THEORY WAS VERY NEARLY RIGHT. MAYBE 97% CORRECT.



AND HE FIGURED OUT THAT THE NUMBER WAS CLOSER TO 1.00116, THEORETICALLY.

NOW, 30 YEARS LATER, THE EXPERIMENTERS HAVE GOTTEN BETTER AT MEASURING THIS AND NOW HAVE IT PEGGED AT 1.0011596524 ± 2.

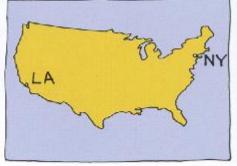


IN THE MEANTIME, THE POOR GUYS USING CALCULATORS AND WRITING MARKS ON PIECES OF PAPER HAVE PREDICTED THAT THE SAME VALUE SHOULD BE 1.0011596523 ± 3

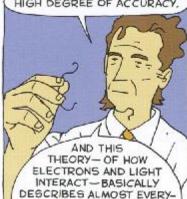


WHY DOES THE THEORY HAVE A±? WELL, EVERYBODY GETS EXHAUSTED COMPUTING THIS, SO WE STOP BEFORE IT'S FINISHED!

THIS UNCERTAINTY IS PRETTY SMALL, THOUGH. IT'S LIKE IF YOU MEASURED THE DISTANCE FROM LOS ANGELES TO NEW YORK AND YOU COULD DO IT TO AN ACCURACY OF THE THICKNESS OF ONE OF THE HAIRS ON MY HEAD.



I SAYALLTHIS TO INTIMIDATE YOU INTO BELIEVING THE THEORY AND EXPERIMENT AGREE TO A HIGH DEGREE OF ACCURACY,



THING WE ORDINARILY

EXPERIENCE.

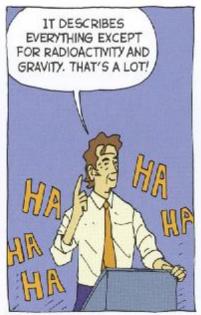
IN FACT, IT'S EASIER TO TALK ABOUT WHAT IT DOESN'T EXPLAIN. GRAVITY? NOT EXPLAINED BY QED. RADIOACTIVITY? NOPE.

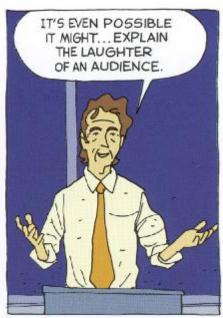


BUT IF IT INVOLVES ELECTRONS, YEAH, THAT MEANS ALL OF CHEMISTRY AND OBSERVABLE PHENOMENA. THE COLORS OF THINGS, THE SOFTNESS OF MATERIALS, HOW QUICKLY THINGS GET HOT WHEN THEY'RE IN THE SUN, SOUND...

ALL THESE PHENOMENA, EVERYTHING TO DO WITH THE OUTSIDE OF THE ATOM? WE GOT IT.













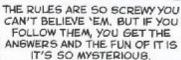






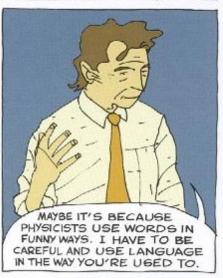


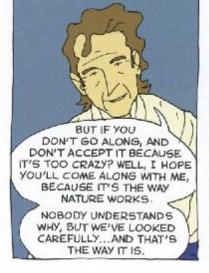














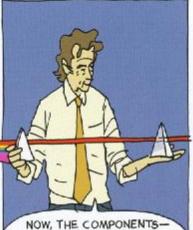








NEWTON FOUND OUT THAT IT WAS MADE UP OF COMPONENTS, AND YOU COULD SEPARATE THEM.



NOW, THE COMPONENTS—
RED, ORANGE, YELLOW, GREEN,
BLUE, INDIGO, VIOLET—THEY
CAN'T BE SEPARATED FURTHER.
WE CALL EACH COMPONENT
MONOCHROMATIC LIGHT,
LIGHT OF ONE COLOR.

NEWTON ALSO SAID LIGHT WAS CORPUSCULAR...MADE OF PARTICLES. MANY PROPERTIES OF LIGHT LOOK LIKE IT MUST BE A WAVE, BUT THAT'S WRONG.



NEWTON WAS RIGHT—IT IS A PARTICLE. HIS REASONING WAS WRONG, BUT THE CONCLUSION WAS RIGHT.

WE HAVE INSTRUMENTS CALLED PHOTOMULTIPLIERS THAT CAN DETECT THESE PARTICLES AND AMPLIFY THEIR EFFECT. WHEN THE LIGHT IS WEAK, YOU GET SOMETHING LIKE RAIN SOFTLY FALLING.



WHEN THE LIGHT IS BRIGHT, AFTER AMPLIFICATION YOU GET BANG BANG BANG.



SO LIGHT IS
PARTICLES, NOT WAVES,
AND WE CAN COUNT
THEM-BRIGHT LIGHT,
MORE PARTICLES PER
SECOND, DIM LIGHT, LESS
PER SECOND, OKAY?

NOW, LET'S TALK ABOUT REFLECTION.
THE MOON REFLECTED ON THE
SURFACE OF THE WATER, FOR
EXAMPLE, VERY BEAUTIFUL...



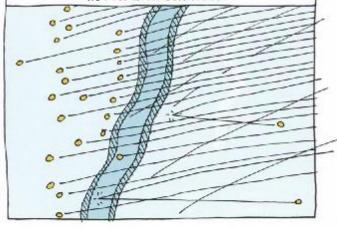
REFLECTING FROM A LAKE!

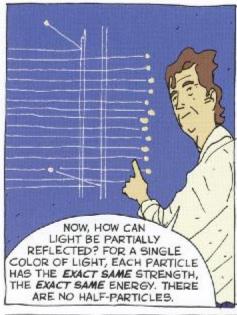
BUT THAT'S NOT OUR PROBLEM. THE PHYSICS PROBLEM IS THAT IN WATER, OR IN A WINDOW, YOU CAN SEE THROUGH IT AS WELL AS SOME REFLECTION. BOTH!



SO SOME OF THE LIGHT COMES BACK, BUT ONLY SOME. NOT ALL!

FOR EXAMPLE, FOR LIGHT GOING STRAIGHT AT A SHEET OF GLASS WITH TWO SURFACES—A FRONT AND A BACK—ABOUT 8% REFLECTS. THAT'S ABOUT 4% FOR EACH SURFACE.





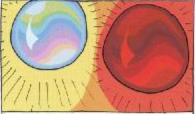








BACK TO WATER. IF YOU HAVE A SOAP BUBBLE INSTEAD OF A MOONLIT LAKE, YOU HAVE TWO SURFACES— INSIDE AND OUTSIDE OF THE BUBBLE. AND WHEN REGULAR SUNLIGHT HITS IT, YOU SEE COLORS!

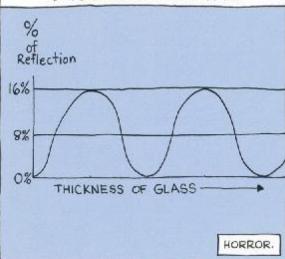


IF IT'S MONOCHROMATIC RED LIGHT THAT HITS, YOU SEE BANDS— BLACK AND RED. SOME AREAS REFLECT THE RED LIGHT, OTHERS DON'T REFLECT IT AT ALL. IT HAS TO DO WITH THE THICKNESS—NEWTON FIGURED THIS OUT AND DID EXPERIMENTS WITH GLASS.

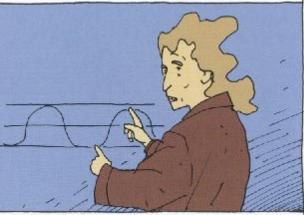


IF YOU CHANGED THE THICKNESS YOU GOT DIFFERENT PERCENTAGES OF PROBABILITY OF REFLECTION.

WHEN THE THICKNESS IS ZERO, NO REFLECTION. MAKES SENSE, BUT AFTER THAT...



IF YOU ADD A SECOND SURFACE, REFLECTION GOES TO ZERO AT CERTAIN POINTS, AND THEN RETURNS TO MAXIMUM!

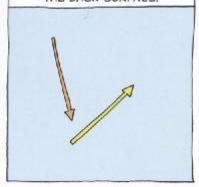


NEWTON WENT A LITTLE BIT NUTTY—HE TALKED ABOUT "FITS" OF REFLECTION AND TRANSMISSION.

THAT'S NOT IT, BUT I'LL TELL
YOU THE ANSWER, WE HAVE TO
CALCULATE A PROBABILITY, SO
GRAB YOUR SEATS, HOLD ON,
NEVER MIND THAT YOU
DON'T LIKE IT!

JUST GO

ON A PIECE OF PAPER, YOU MAKE AN ARROW FOR EACH REFLECTION. ONE FOR THE REFLECTION FROM THE FRONT SURFACE, ONE FOR THE REFLECTION FROM THE BACK SURFACE.

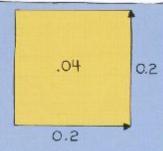


02

THEN YOU ADD THE ARROWS
TOGETHER, HEAD TO TAIL.
YOU CONNECT THEM, AND
THEN YOU LOOK AT THE
RESULTING ARROW AND SEE
HOW BIG A SQUARE IT FORMS.

IF THE AREA OF THE SQUARE IS BIG, YOU HAVE A HIGH PROBABILITY OF REFLECTION. IF IT'S SMALL, IT'S LOW.

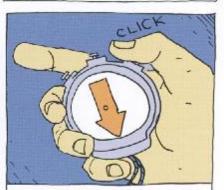
ALONG.



FOR A 4% CHANCE OF REFLECTION FROM EACH SURFACE, THE SIZE OF THE ARROW IS 0.2 X 0.2 = 0.04 HOW DO YOU KNOW WHICH WAY THE ARROW POINTS?

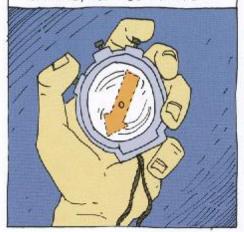


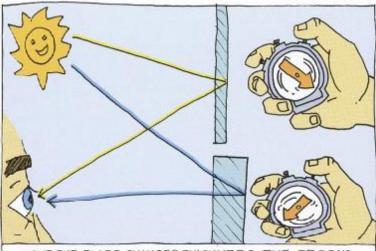
BEGIN WITH IT POINTING IN SOME DIRECTION-DOESN'T MATTER WHICH-AND WHEN IT LEAVES THE LIGHT SOURCE START IT SPINNING LIKE THE HAND OF A STOPWATCH.



THE ARROW WILL SPIN VERY FAST-LIGHT MOVES VERY FAST. WHEN IT HITS A LIGHT DETECTOR (LIKE YOUR EYE) AFTER REFLECTING, STOP THE WATCH AND LOOK AT WHERE THE ARROW POINTS.

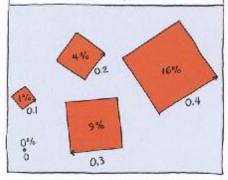
THAT'S THE FIRST SURFACE. FOR THE BACK SIDE OF THE GLASS, START WITH THE ARROW POINTING THE OPPOSITE WAY. SAME RATE OF SPINNING, JUST 180° DIFFERENT.

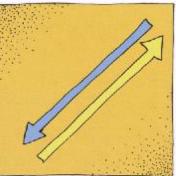




50 IF THE GLASS CHANGES THICKNESS, THE SECOND ARROW, FROM THE BOTTOM SURFACE, WILL END UP IN A DIFFERENT PLACE BY THE TIME THE PHOTON HITS YOUR EYE. BECAUSE IT TRIVELS FURTHER AND TAKES LONGER TO GET THERE.

SO WHEN YOU ADD THE ARROWS
TOGETHER, YOU GET A DIFFERENT
FINAL LENGTH, SO THE SQUARES
ARE A DIFFERENT SIZE, THEIR AREAS
ARE DIFFERENT, AND THE
PROBABILITY OF REFLECTION
IS DIFFERENT.

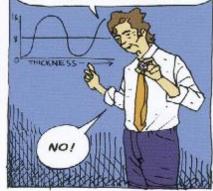




IF THE FIRST SURFACE IS EXACTLY AT THE SECOND SURFACE—NO THICKNESS AT ALL—WE GET ARROWS POINTED EXACTLY OPPOSITE, RIGHT? THEY ADD UP TO ZERO. NO REFLECTION AT ALL.

EXACTLY RIGHT!

SO NOW I'M GOING TO EXPLAIN WHY THIS UPPING AND DOWNING IS PREDICTED BY THIS LITTLE GAME.



THAT'S EXACTLY WHAT I'M NOT GOING TO EXPLAIN. BE CAUSE I DON'T UNDERSTAND IT.

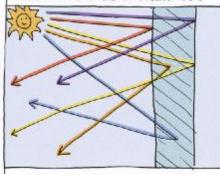


AMPLITUDES, AND THE SIZE OF THE SQUARE THE ADDED UP ARROWS MAKE IS THE PROBABILITY OF AN EVENT.

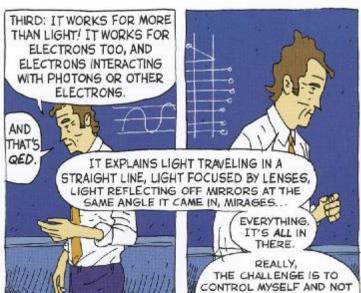
SECOND:
EVENTS CAN HAPPEN LOTS OF DIFFERENT WAYS.

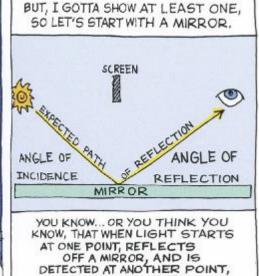
FIRST. WE CALL THE ARROWS

TO FIND AN EVENT'S PROBABILITY, WE LINE UP ALL THE ARROWS, HEAD TO TAIL, FOR ALL THE WAYS IT CAN HAPPEN AND ADD THEM UP.

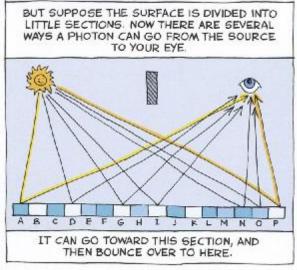


THAT RESULT GIVES US THE TOTAL PROBABILITY.

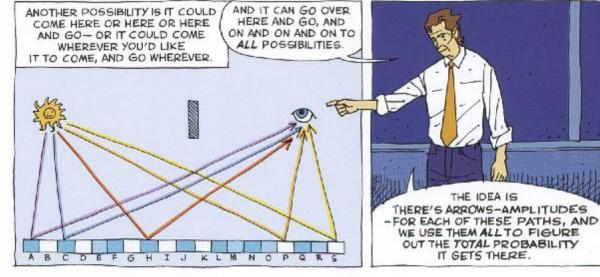




THE PATH IS LIKE THIS.

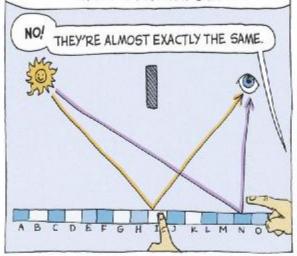




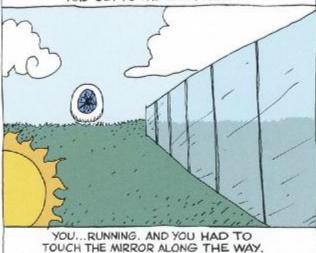


SHOW ALL THE EXAMPLES!

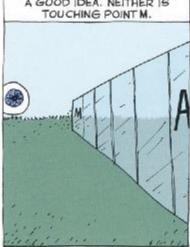
AND NATURALLY, THE LENGTH OF THE ARROW-THE AMPLITUDE-IS BIGGER FOR THIS ONE THAN IT IS FOR THAT ONE.



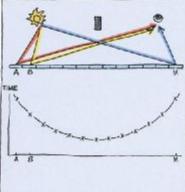
IT'S THE TIME THAT'S DIFFERENT. SUPPOSE YOU HAD TO START AT THE LIGHT SOURCE AND GET TO THE EYE. FAST.

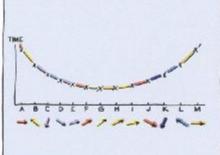


PICKING A TO TOUCH ISN'T A GOOD IDEA. NEITHER IS TOUCHING POINT M.



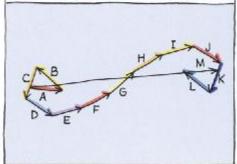
THE TIME IT TAKES, IF WE PLOT IT RIGHT UNDERNEATH, LOOKS LIKE THIS. THE TIME FOR POINT A IS MUCH LONGER THAN FOR POINT B.



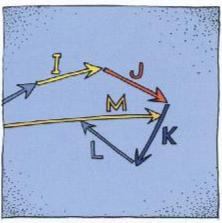


THE STOP-WATCH ARROWS TURN WITH TIME, REMEMBER? SO TOWARD THE CENTER THE DIFFERENCE IN DIRECTION OF THE ARROWS GETS SMALL, AND THEN INCREASES AGAIN AS YOU GO FARTHER AWAY.

BUT WHEN WE ADD THEM TOGETHER, INSTEAD OF TWO LIKE I DID BEFORE, IT'S MILLIONS OF 'EM. AND WE GET A NET RESULT-A TOTAL AMPLITUDE-FOR THE PHOTON TO ARRIVE, IT'S THIS TREMENDOUS LINE, AND ITS LENGTH IS MOSTLY MADE UP OF ARROWS D THROUGH J.



SO, QED PREDICTS THAT LIGHT REFLECTS OFF THE MIRROR. VERY GOOD!

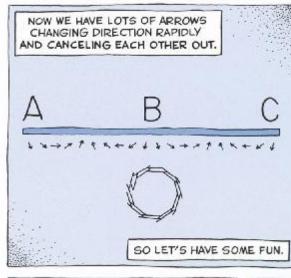


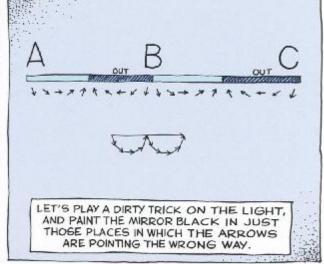
THE CONTRIBUTION OF THESE CRAZY BITS NEAR THE EDGES IS ALMOST NOTHING-ALL THAT STAGGERING AROUND CANCELS OUT.

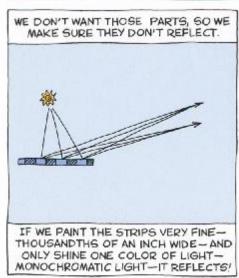








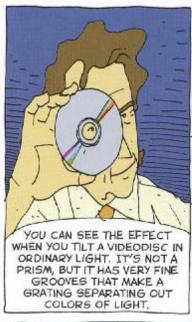






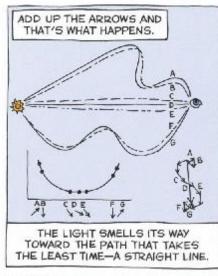
ALL THE PLACES WHERE THE ARROWS POINTED THE WRONG WAY AND CANCELLED OUT ARE GONE AND YOU SEE THE LIGHT WAY OVER THERE.



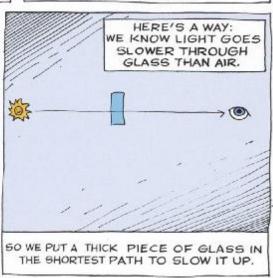


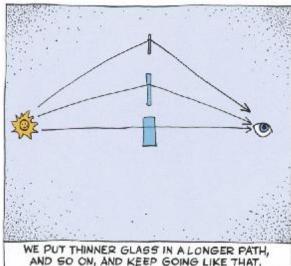


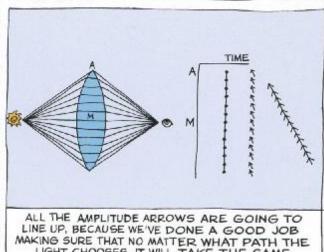








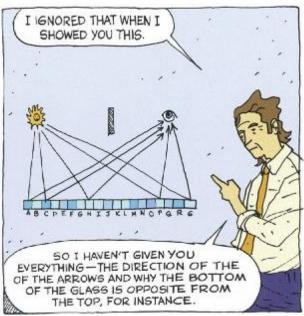




AND OF COURSE YOU
KNOW WHAT I'M
DESCRIBING—WE'VE
FORCED THIS
SENSATIONALLY LARGE
GROUP OF ARROWS TO
LINE UP BECAUSE
WE'VE MADE A LENS!





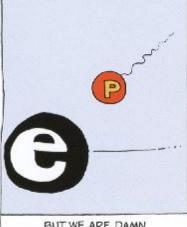




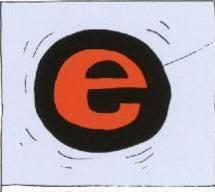
PARTICULAR LENGTH, AND THAT
WE HAVE RULES FOR CHANGING
LENGTHS AS THINGS MOVE.

BUT I HAVEN'T QUITE

BUT I HAVEN'T QUITE
FIGURED OUT HOW TO EXPLAIN
THIS SO THEY WON'T BE IN
THIS LECTURE.



BUT WE ARE DAMN CLOSE TO HAVING TALKED ABOUT ALL OF IT.



REFLECTION IS LIGHT
INTERACTING WITH AN ELECTRON,
SHAKING IT UP, AND THE
ELECTRON EMITTING A NEW
PHOTON GOING IN A
NEW DIRECTION.











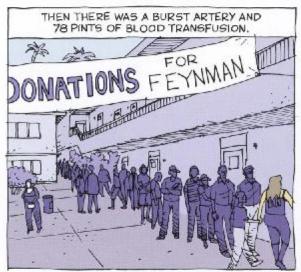




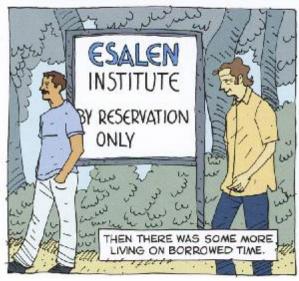




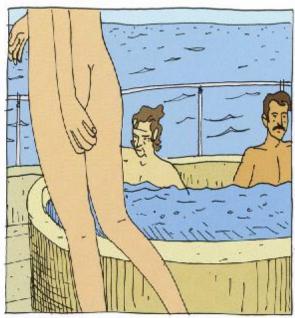


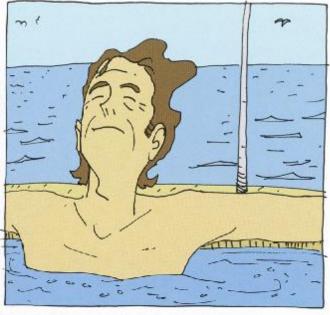














PREVIOUSLY I'D TRIED ISOLATION TANKS A FEW TIMES, GETTING MANY HOURS OF HALLUCINATIONS.



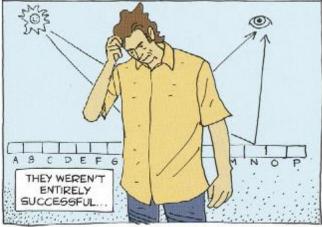
I'D STUDIED DREAMS BEFORE, AND I KNEW SOMETHING ABOUT THAT PHENOMENON.

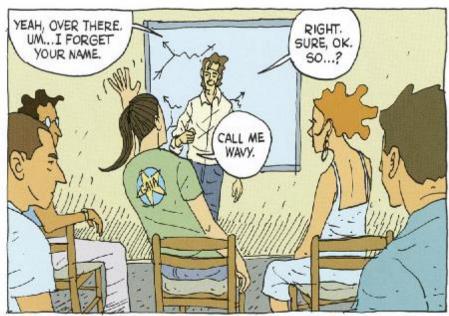


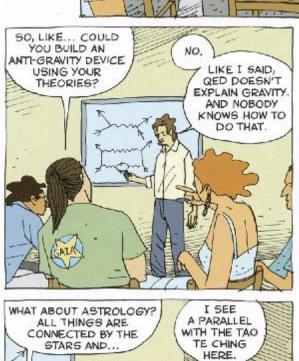
THEN I WENT TO ESALEN, WHICH IS A HOTBED OF THIS STUFF—IT'S GOT HOT SPRINGS TOO.



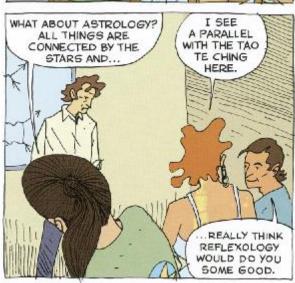
BUT THAT MADE ESALEN A PERFECT PLACE TO TRY OUT DIFFERENT VERSIONS OF MY LECTURES FOR ALIX.

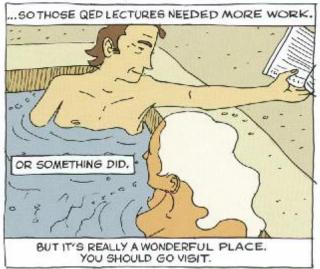


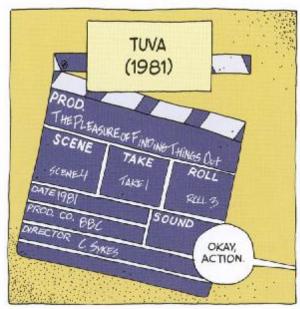
















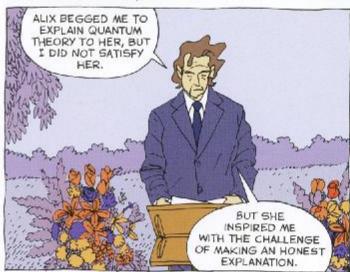


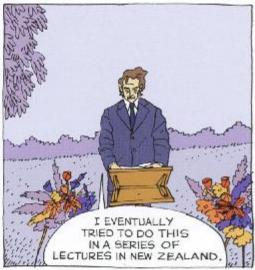


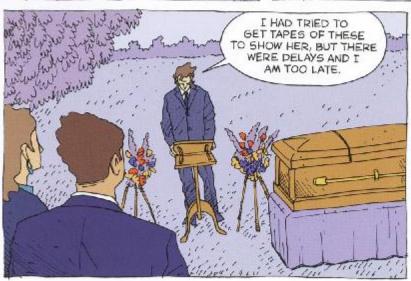










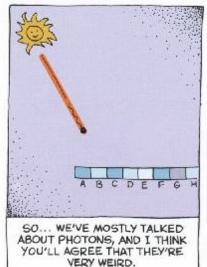


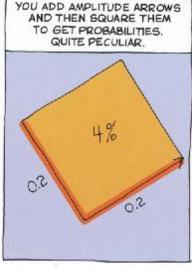


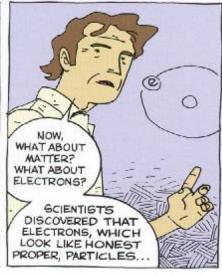


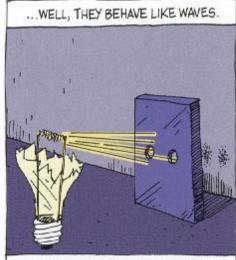






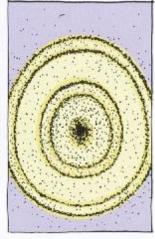


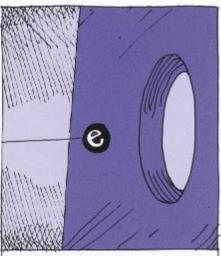




IF A HOT FILAMENT FROM A LIGHT BULB SPRAYS ELECTRONS AT A BARRIER WITH TWO TINY HOLES IN IT, YOU'D EXPECT TO SEE TWO SPOTS BEHIND IT.

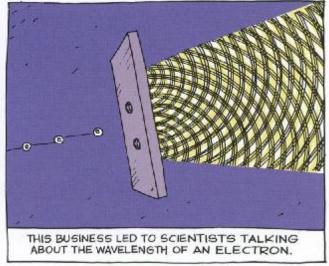
INSTEAD YOU SEE AN INTERFERENCE PATTERN. JUST LIKE IF THESE PARTICLES... WERE WAVES.





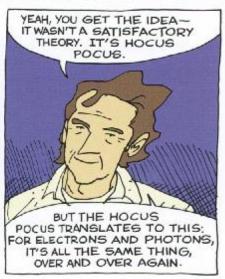
EVEN IF YOU DIM THE LIGHT SO MUCH THAT ONLY ONE ELECTRON AT A TIME REACHES THE BARRIER... IT STILL SPREADS OUT!



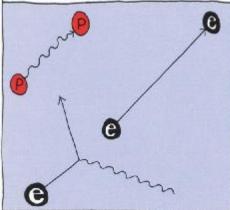




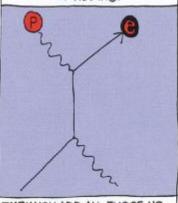




THERE'S A PROBABILITY FOR AN EVENT, AND THAT PROBABILITY IS THE SQUARE OF AN AMPLITUDE.



IF AN EVENT CAN HAPPEN ALONG MANY PATHS, EACH WITH ONE INTERACTION, YOU ADD AMPLITUDES OF ALL THOSE PATHS. IF A PATH IS A SUCCESSION
OF INTERACTIONS, TO GET
THE AMPLITUDE OF THE
WHOLE PATH YOU MULTIPLY
THE AMPLITUDES INSTEAD
OF ADDING.



THEN YOU ADD ALL THOSE UP ...

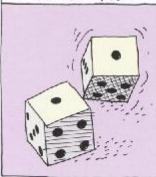
OKAY. SO WE ONLY NEED TO

KNOW THREE THINGS.

THIS MULTIPLICATION
BUSINESS—WE DIDN'T
TALK ABOUT IT BEFORE,
BUT IT'S OKAY.

IT'S LIKE YOU
MULTIPLY PROBABILITIES.

IF YOU'RE SHOOTING CRAPS, ONE DIE ALWAYS STOPS TUMBLING BEFORE THE OTHER, SO THE PROBABILITY OF ROLLING SNAKE EYES IS 1/6 X 1/6 = 1/36



1. AMPLITUDE FOR A PHOTON GOING FROM PLACE TO PLACE—WE SAID WAS 0.2 BEFORE, BUT WE HAVE TO CALCULATE IT?

2. AMPLITUDE FOR AN ELECTRON GOING FROM PLACE TO PLACE.
3. AMPLITUDE FOR AN ELECTRON ABSORBING OR EMITTING A PHOTON.

IF YOU CALCULATE JUST
THESE THINGS, AND YOU'RE
CAREFUL WITH YOUR BOOKKEEPING AND FOLLOW THE
RULES WE'VE TALKED
ABOUT?

YOU CAN PREDICT ANY

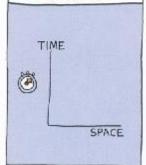
PHENOMENON IN NATURE.





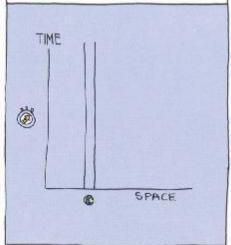


THINGS MOVE AROUND IN SPACE, AND THEY TAKE TIME TO DO IT. SO WE MAKE THIS HANDY GRAPH IN PHYSICS-YOU'LL GET FRIGHTENED IF I CALL IT BY ITS NAME, SO I WON'T.



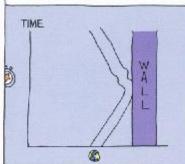


NOW IF WE HAVE AN OBJECT-A BALL MAYBE-AT A PARTICULAR PLACE NOW, IT'S RIGHT HERE.

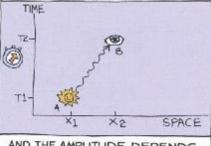




IF IT'S MOVING ACROSS THE ROOM, IT GOES LIKE SO, AND IF IT HITS A BRICK WALL, IT COMES BACK, SO IF IT WAS GOING STRAIGHT TO THE WALL AND BACK, I STRETCH IT OUT AND IT LOOKS LIKE THIS:

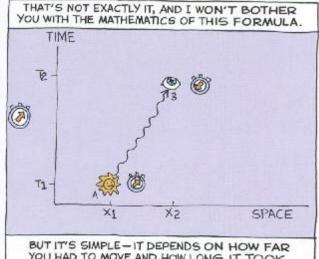


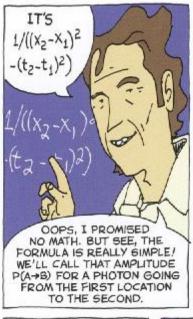
50, WHAT IF I HAVE A SOURCE OF PHOTONS HERE AND A DETECTOR UP HERE? THERE'S GOING TO BE AN AMPLITUDE THAT THE PHOTON COMES FROM X1 AND ARRIVES AT X2.



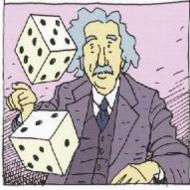
AND THE AMPLITUDE DEPENDS ON THE TIME AND POSITION OF BOTH PLACES.



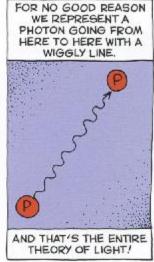


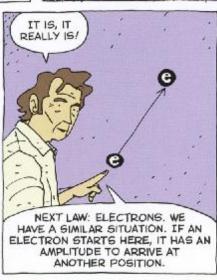


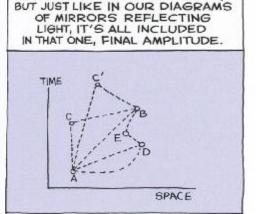
YOU CAN DEDUCE THIS
FORMULA FROM RELATIVITY,
A LAW WE UNDERSTAND VERY
WELL, AND BY KNOWING
THAT IF WE ADD UP THE
PROBABILITIES OF EVERY
POSSIBLE EVENT IT
COMES OUT TO 100%.





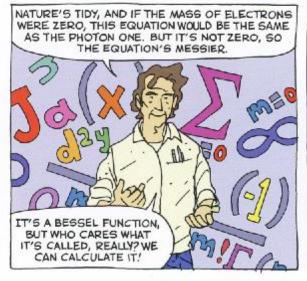




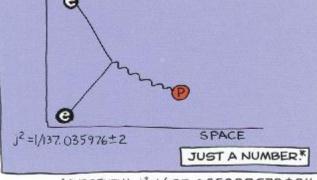


WE'LL CALL THAT E(A→B).

IT ACTUALLY CAN GET BETWEEN THE TWO POINTS IN MANY WAYS,



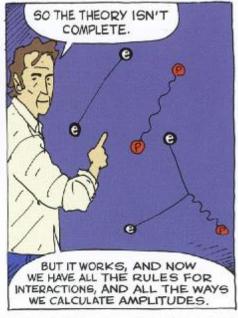
FINALLY, THERE'S THE AMPLITUDE J FOR AN ELECTRON BEING AT THE SAME POINT IN SPACE-TIME AS A PHOTON, AND THE PHOTON BEING ABSORBED BY THE ELECTRON. WHAT'S THE AMPLITUDE OF THAT?



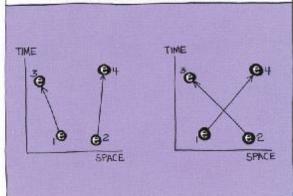
*CURRENTLY, j2=1/137. 035999679 ±94



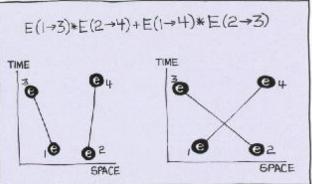




50 WE CAN USE THEM THIS WAY: SAY WE HAVE TWO ELECTRONS. TO FIGURE OUT THE PROBABILITY OF THEM ENDING UP AT TWO DESTINATIONS, WE JUST DRAW LOTS OF PICTURES AND ADD AMPLITUDES.

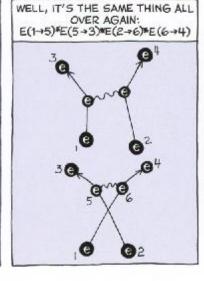


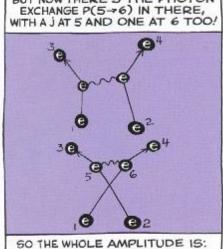
IF WE ADD THESE TWO AMPLITUDES TOGETHER, WE GET A FIRST APPROXIMATION OF THE AMPLITUDE OF THE WHOLE THING.



BUT THERE ARE OTHER WAYS THE TWO CAN GET THERE. A COUPLE MORE EXAMPLES:

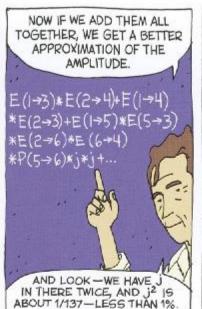
HOW DO WE GET THE AMPLITUPE FOR THESE?

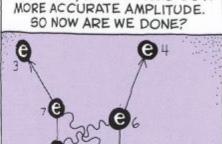




BUT NOW THERE'S THE PHOTON

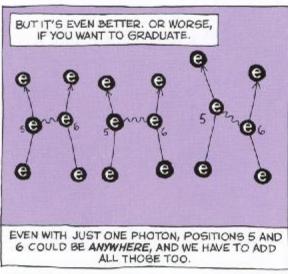


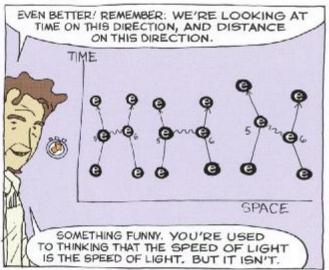


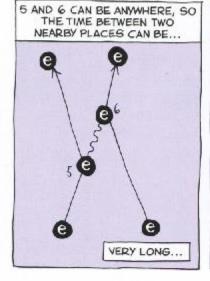


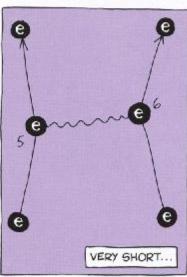
IT'S SMALL, BUT IT GIVES US A

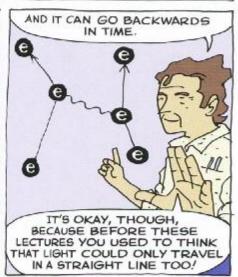
NO, WE CAN ADD IN MORE
PHOTONS, AND GET EVEN MORE
ACCURATE. TIRING, BUT IF YOU
WERE A STUDENT TRYING TO
GETYOUR DEGREE, YOU'D
HAVE TO KEEP ON GOING.

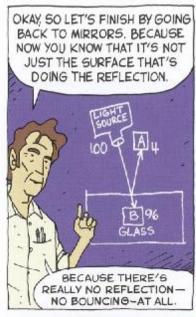


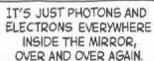


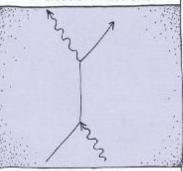






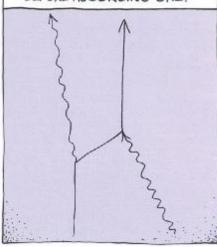






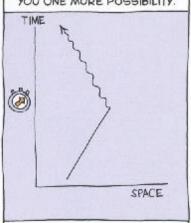
SO INSIDE, A PHOTON HITS AN ELECTRON, GETS ABSORBED, AND THE ELECTRON EMITS A PHOTON. ITS CONDITION CHANGED TEMPORARILY, BUT IT GETS RESTORED

OF COURSE IF YOU LIKE THIS GAME, YOU CAN IMAGINE THE ELECTRON EMITS A PHOTON BEFORE ABSORBING ONE.

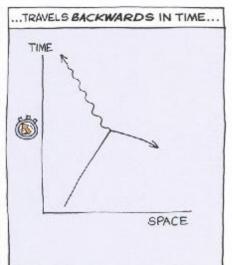


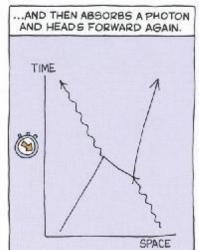




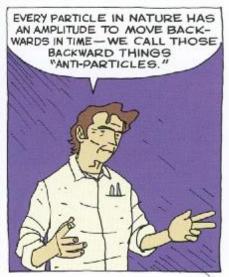


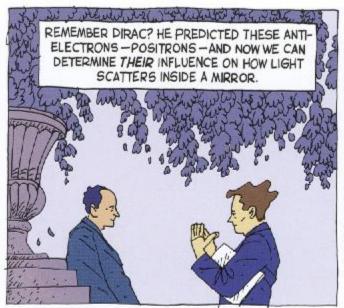
AN ELECTRON EMITS A PHOTON ..

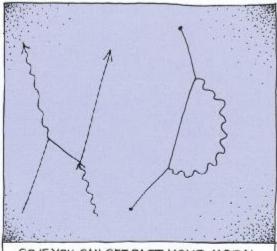




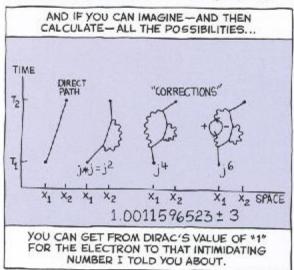




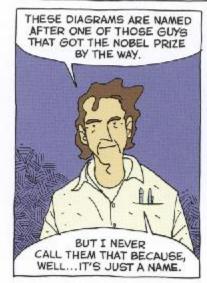


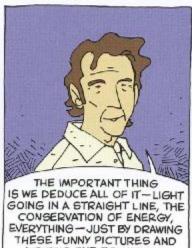


50 IF YOU CAN GET PAST YOUR MORAL OBJECTIONS TO PARTICLES INTERACTING WITH THEMSELVES AND BACKWARDS IN TIME AND ALL THAT STUFF...



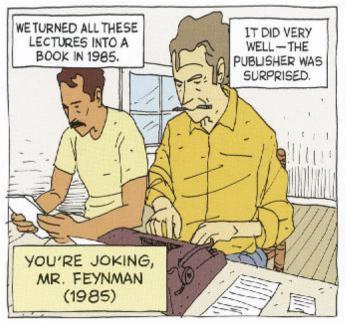




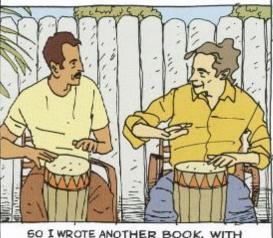




WRITING THE EQUATIONS THEY REPRESENT.



BUT THERE WAS A PROBLEM; THE BOOK — CALLED "GED" — AND THAT BBC TELEVISION PROGRAM MADE ME LOOK WISE.



60 I WROTE ANOTHER BOOK, WITH RALPH, TO BALANCE THINGS OUT.









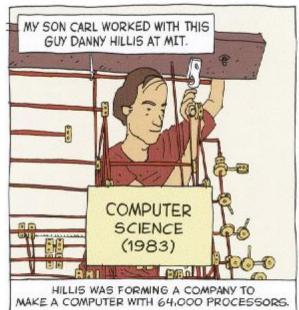




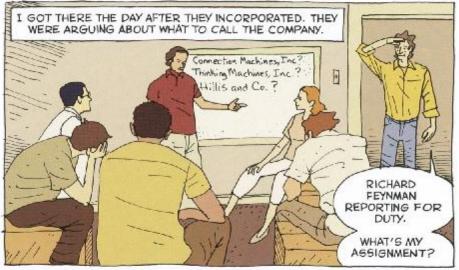








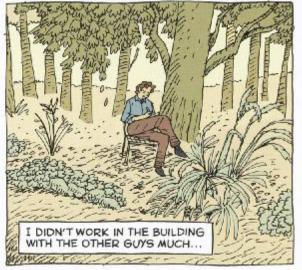










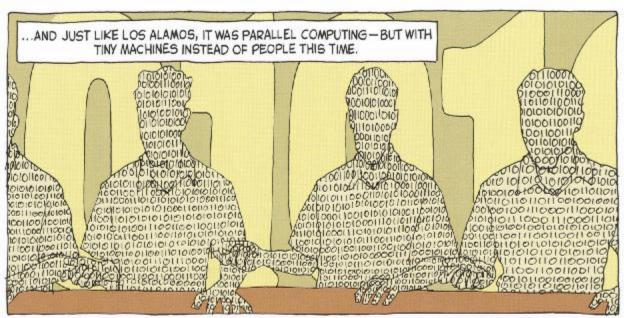






WHATEVER NEEDED DOING ...



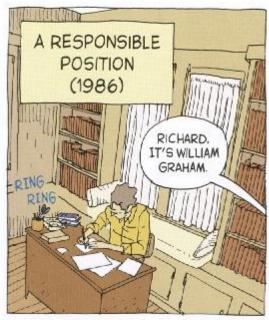


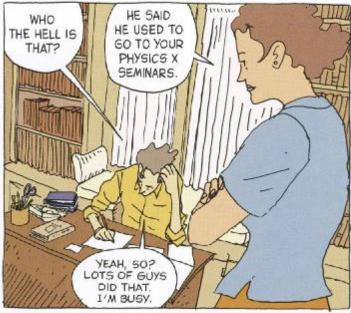




















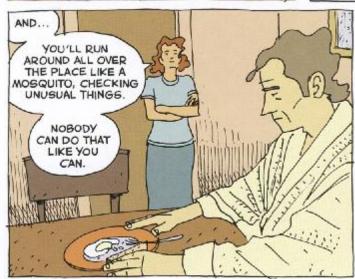






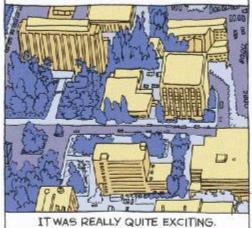








SO ON MONDAY I GOT APPOINTED TO THE "ROGERS COMMISSION" AND ON TUESDAY AL HIBBS ASSEMBLED SOME GUYS AT NASA'S JET PROPULSION LAB TO BRIEF ME.





AND THEY REALLY KNEW WHAT THEY WERE DOING: MY SECOND LINE OF NOTES SAID "O-RINGS SHOW SOME SCORCHING."



YOU ASK LOTS OF DUMB-SOUNDING QUESTIONS, GET QUICK ANSWERS, AND LEARN WHAT TO ASK TO GET THE NEXT PIECE OF INFORMATION YOU NEED.



THE FIRST FORMAL MEETING.

FINALLY I MADE IT TO BILL GRAHAM'S
OFFICE, AND THEY HELPED ME FIND
WHERE THE COMMISSION WAS





BUT IT TURNS OUT THAT BESIDES MR. ROGERS, THE GUY HEADING THE COMMISSION, MOST EVERYBODY HAD TECHNICAL BACKGROUNDS.



ARMSTRONG WAS AN AERONAUTICAL ENGINEER, FOR INSTANCE. RIDE WAS A PHYSICIST.

EVEN THE GENERAL, KUTYNA, HAD AN AERONAUTICS DEGREE FROM MIT. SO IT WAS GOOD.

CAN SOMEONE TELL ME
WHERE THE
NEAREST METRO
STATION IS?

ANY
GENERAL
THAT RIDES
THE SUBWAY
CAN'T BE
ALL BAD!

I DON'T LIKE UNIFORMS MUCH, BUT I LIKED

HIM FOR THAT, AND FOR OTHER STUFF HE DID.





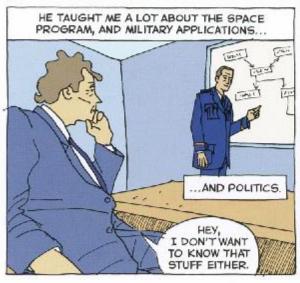






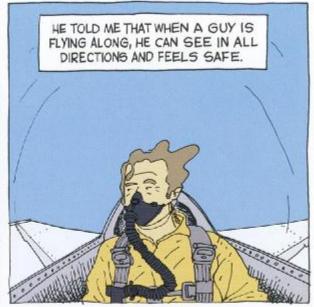


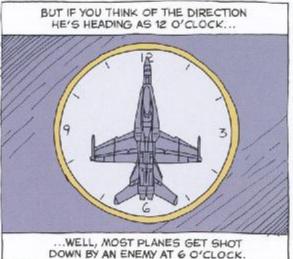


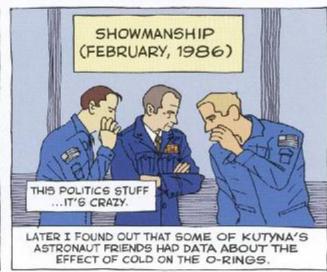




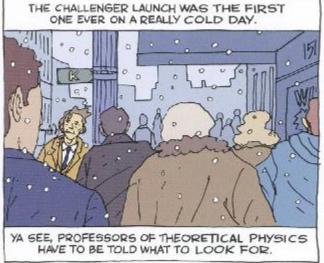








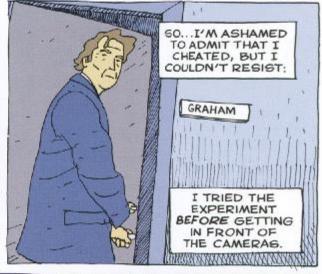




























YOU HAD TO PRESS A BUTTON ON THE MICRO-PHONE TO GET EVERYBODY'S ATTENTION, AND THEN THEY'D TURN THE CAMERAS TOWARD YOU.















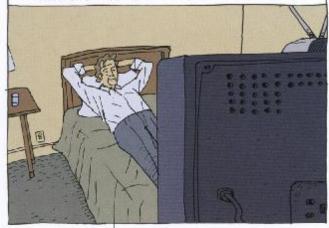


DURING THE LUNCH BREAK, THE QUESTIONS I GOT WERE DOPEY. BECAUSE OF WHEN I DID THE DEMONSTRATION, I DIDN'T THINK ANYBODY UNDERSTOOD THE SIGNIFICANCE.





BUT THAT NIGHT IT WAS ON ALL THE NEWS SHOWS, AND THE NEWSPAPER ARTICLES THE NEXT DAY EXPLAINED IT EXACTLY RIGHT.



















I THOUGHT ABOUT MENTIONING THAT I'M PRETTY SLOW AT THE BEGINNING, UNTIL I CATCH ON AND THEN IT GOES FASTER.

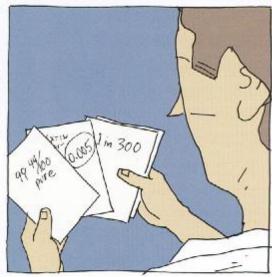


















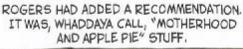


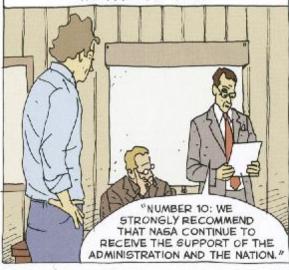




THAT'S THE KIND OF THING I SAW EVERYWHERE I WENT. KENNEDY SPACE CENTER, HOUSTON, MARSHALL SPACE FLIGHT...

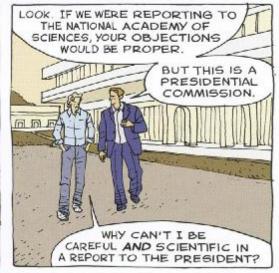
















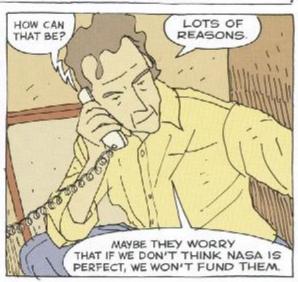


I COMPROMISED ON THE RECOMMENDATION —IT GOT IN THERE, BUT WITH A LITTLE LESS HAPPY TALK, AT LEAST.

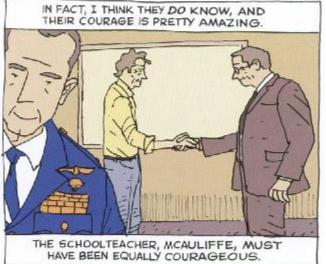


AND IT TURNED OUT FINE. AND LOTS OF PEOPLE ONLY READ MY APPENDIX: "PERSONAL OBSERVATIONS ON THE RELIABILITY OF THE SHUTTLE."











NASA HAS TO DEAL IN A WORLD OF REALITY TO UNDERSTAND TECHNOLOGICAL WEAKNESSES WELL ENOUGH TO ACTIVELY TRY TO ELIMINATE THEM,

THEY SHOULD PROPOSE ONLY REALISTIC FLIGHT SCHEDULES THEY HAVE A REASONABLE CHANCE OF MEETING.



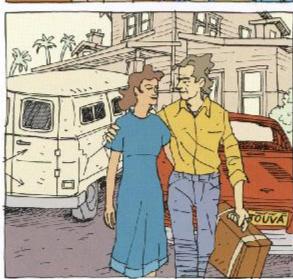
IF THAT MEANS WE WOULDN'T SUPPORT THEM, WELL... SO BE IT.

FOR A SUCCESSFUL TECHNOLOGY, REALITY MUST TAKE PRECEDENCE OVER PUBLIC RELATIONS, FOR NATURE CANNOT BE FOOLED.











7	

RICHARD FEYNMAN DIDN'T MAKE IT TO TUVA.

THE OFFICIAL, FORMAL INVITATION FROM MOSCOW PERMITTING THE VISIT WAS DATED FEBRUARY 19, 1988-FOUR DAYS AFTER HE DIED.



HIS LAST WORDS, UPON FORCING HIMSELF AWAKE FROM A COMA:
"I'D HATE TO DIE TWICE. IT'S SO BORING."

(ALMOST COMPLETE*) BIBLIOGRAPHY & EARLY SKETCHES



OUR STACK OF FEYNMAN MATERIAL IS OVER A METER HIGH AND RISING. YOURS MAY NOT GROW THAT TALL, BUT IF YOU LIKED THIS STORY, YOU'LL ENJOY THE FOLLOWING...AND BE SURPRISED AT HOW MUCH WE HAD TO LEAVE OUT. SO PLEASE READ MORE, STARTING WITH THE BOOKS BY FEYNMAN HIMSELF:

THE CHARACTER OF PHYSICAL LAW (CAMBRIDGE, MA: MIT PRESS, 1965).

THE PERFECT BOOK TO READ TO GET A FEEL FOR QUANTUM
PHYSICS. OUR OPENING SCENE CAME FROM AN ANECDOTE
RECOUNTED IN JAMES GLEICK'S INTRODUCTION TO THE 1994
MODERN LIBRARY EDITION, SO SEEK THAT ONE OUT AS WELL.

CLASSIC FEYNMAN: ALL THE ADVENTURES OF A CURIOUS CHARACTER (NY: W.W. NORTON, 2006).

I STILL LIKE THE ORIGINAL VOLUMES—SURELY YOU'RE JOKING, MR. FEYNMAN! (1985) AND WHAT DO YOU CARE WHAT OTHER PEOPLE THINK? (1988)—SINCE READING FEYNMAN STORIES OUT OF ORDER IS A GREAT WAY TO EXPERIENCE A LIFE THE WAY IT IS: MESSY, AND WITHOUT A DISCERNABLE PLOT! BUT THIS MAY JUST BE BIAS RESULTING FROM THOSE BEING MY FIRST EXPOSURE TO THEM, SO IF YOU ONLY GET ONE BOOK, THE SPLENDID CLASSIC FEYNMAN IS YOUR BEST BET. IT NOT ONLY HAS ALL THE STORIES FROM ITS PREDECESSORS, BUT ALSO

INCLUDES A CD OF FEYNMAN TALKING ABOUT "LOS ALAMOS FROM BELOW." CARL AND MICHELLE FEYNMAN CONTRIBUTE TO THIS OMNIBUS EDITION AS WELL, AS DO FREEMAN DYSON AND ALAN ALDA. IT'S GREAT.

THE FEYNMAN LECTURES ON PHYSICS, VOLUMES I-III, BY RICHARD FEYNMAN, ROBERT LEIGHTON, AND MATTHEW SANDS (READING, MA: ADDISON-WESLEY, 1964).

ALONG WITH QED (PAGE 255), WITH THIS YOU HAVE ALL OF PHYSICS, RIGHT THERE WAITING FOR YOU. OKAY, NOT REALLY ALL, BUT CLOSE ENOUGH! THE LECTURES ARE TOUGHER SLEDDING, AND I'VE ONLY DIPPED INTO THEM HERE AND THERE MYSELF. BUT THEY'RE WELL WORTH THE EFFORT. (I RECOMMEND VOLUME II'S CHAPTER 19, "THE PRINCIPLE OF LEAST ACTION", AS YOUR FIRST SAMPLE.)

FEYNMAN'S TIPS ON PHYSICS, BY RICHARD FEYNMAN, MICHAEL A. GOTTLIEB, AND RALPH LEIGHTON (SAN FRANCISCO: PEARSON ADDISON-WESLEY, 2006).

NOT ONLY DOES FEYNMAN PROVIDE TIPS ON SOLVING PHYSICS PROBLEMS, HE ALSO PROVIDES TIPS ON HOW TO DEAL WITH BEING BELOW AVERAGE. THE LATTER ARE SURPRISINGLY GOOD, GIVEN HE HAD NO PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE WITH THAT POSITION. MATT SANDS' INTRODUCTION, DESCRIBING THE ORIGINS OF THE FEYNMAN LECTURES, IS ALSO ENTERTAINING.



THE MEANING OF IT ALL: THOUGHTS OF A CITIZEN SCIENTIST (READING, MA: PERSEUS BOOKS, 1998).

THESE LECTURES ARE SOME OF THE RESULTS OF THE MIDDLE-AGED DISEASE FEYNMAN TALKED ABOUT ON PAGE 156. THEY'RE REALLY NOT BAD! THESE CLEANED UP VERSIONS MAKE AN INTERESTING COUNTERPOINT TO THE RAW TRANSCRIPTIONS AVAILABLE IN THE CALTECH ARCHIVES—WHICH I ENJOYED READING AND CONSULTING EVEN MORE, AND SOME OF WHICH MADE THEIR WAY INTO THIS BOOK.

NOBEL ACCEPTANCE AND "THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE SPACE-TIME VIEW OF QUANTUM ELECTRODYNAMICS," FROM LES PRIX NOBEL EN 1965 (STOCKHOLM: IMPRIMERIE ROYALE P.A. NORSTEDT & SÖNER, 1966).

EVEN CONSTRAINED BY A TUXEDO AND ROYALTY, FEYNMAN REMAINED QUOTABLE.

THE PLEASURE OF FINDING THINGS OUT, EDITED BY JEFFREY ROBBINS (CAMBRIDGE, MA: HELIX BOOKS, 1999).

THESE ESSAYS ARE ALL TERRIFIC, AS IS FREEMAN DYSON'S FOREWORD. READ THEM ALL, BUT IF YOU'RE SHORT ON TIME THE BEST ONES ARE "THE PLEASURE OF FINDING THINGS OUT," "THERE'S PLENTY OF ROOM AT THE BOTTOM," "THE SMARTEST MAN IN THE WORLD," "CARGO CULT SCIENCE," AND...AW, WHO AM I KIDDING? YOU SHOULD READ THEM ALL!

PERFECTLY REASONABLE DEVIATIONS FROM THE BEATEN TRACK (NY: BASIC BOOKS, 2005).

BEFORE E-MAIL, PEOPLE WROTE LETTERS. AND IN 1968
RICHARD FEYNMAN STARTED DONATING HIS PERSONAL
PAPERS TO THE CALTECH ARCHIVES. THANK GOODNESS.
MICHELLE FEYNMAN EDITED THE COLLECTION AND ADDED
COMMENTARY AS WELL AS MANY LOVELY PHOTOGRAPHS.

QED: THE STRANGE THEORY OF LIGHT AND MATTER (PRINCETON, NJ: PRINCETON UNIVERSITY PRESS, 1985).

FEYNMAN WROTE THIS SPECIFICALLY FOR PEOPLE—LIKE ALIX MAUTNER—WITH NO BACKGROUND IN MATH OR PHYSICS. YOU CAN SEE FEYNMAN DELIVER EARLY VERSIONS OF THE LECTURES IN NEW ZEALAND THANKS TO THE VEGA SCIENCE TRUST: HTTP://www.vega.org.uk/video/subseries/8/.



THE REASON FOR ANTIPARTICLES, FROM "ELEMENTARY PARTICLES AND THE LAWS OF PHYSICS: THE 1986 DIRAC MEMORIAL LECTURES" (ALEXANDRIA, VA: SCIENTIFIC CONSULTING SERVICES, 1997) AND ELEMENTARY PARTICLES AND THE LAWS OF PHYSICS: THE 1986 DIRAC MEMORIAL LECTURES, BY RICHARD FEYNMAN AND STEVEN WEINBERG (CAMBRIDGE: CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS, 1987).

IN THIS VIDEO/BOOK PAIRING FEYNMAN'S VISUAL, AND PHYSICAL, LECTURE STYLE IS IN FULL FORCE DURING HIS DEMONSTRATION OF THE IMPORTANCE OF SPIN AND ROTATION IN PHYSICAL THEORIES.

SIX EASY PIECES: ESSENTIALS OF PHYSICS EXPLAINED BY ITS MOST BRILLIANT TEACHER (READING, MA: HELIX BOOKS, 1994) AND SIX NOT-SO-EASY PIECES: EINSTEIN'S RELATIVITY, SYMMETRY, AND SPACE-TIME (READING, MA: HELIX BOOKS, 1997).

THOUGH THE SECOND BOOK MAY CHALLENGE YOU WITH ITS COMPLEX IDEAS, BOTH ARE STILL A WHOLE LOT OF FUN! I RECOMMEND THE AUDIO VERSIONS TO GET THE FULL FLAVOR OF FEYNMAN'S STYLE.

I ALSO RECOMMEND THE FOLLOWING SECONDARY SOURCES, MANY BY PEOPLE WHO KNEW FEYNMAN WELL:

THE BEAT OF A DIFFERENT DRUM: THE LIFE AND SCIENCE OF RICHARD FEYNMAN, BY JAGDISH MEHRA (OXFORD: OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS, 1994).

PLENTY OF PHYSICS, AND MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS AT THAT, BUT THIS IS STILL MY FAVORITE BIOGRAPHY OF FEYNMAN BOTH BECAUSE OF ITS COMPLETENESS AND THE OBVIOUS CARE MEHRA TOOK IN INTERVIEWING FEYNMAN AND WEAVING TOGETHER THE WHOLE OF HIS LIFE.

THE BEST MIND SINCE EINSTEIN, PRODUCED BY CHRISTOPHER SYKES AND MELANIE WALLACE (BOSTON: WGBH/PBS/NOVA SERIES, ORIGINALLY BROADCAST DECEMBER 21, 1993).

A TERRIFIC OVERVIEW OF FEYNMAN'S LIFE AND CAREER IN SCIENCE. WATCH THIS IF YOU CAN'T GET HOLD OF NO ORDINARY GENIUS (SEE PAGE 259), SINCE THIS IS A CONDENSED VERSION OF THAT PROGRAM.

CLIMBING THE MOUNTAIN: THE SCIENTIFIC BIOGRAPHY OF JULIAN SCHWINGER, BY JAGDISH MEHRA AND KIMBALL A. MILTON (OXFORD: OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS, 2000).

AN EXCELLENT COMPANION TO MEHRA'S THE BEAT OF A DIFFERENT DRUM.

DISTURBING THE UNIVERSE, BY FREEMAN DYSON (NY: HARPER AND ROW, 1979).

DYSON'S COMPARISON OF FEYNMAN TO JOF THE JUGGLER WILL STRIKE A CHORD WITH YOU. READ

THE WHOLE BOOK, THOUGH.

IT'S TERRIFIC.

FEYNMAN'S RAINBOW: A SEARCH FOR BEAUTY IN PHYSICS AND IN LIFE, BY LEONARD MLODINOW (NY: WARNER BOOKS, 2003).

SLIM AND SLIGHT, BUT I ENJOYED READING ABOUT MLODINOW'S BRIEF, PERSONAL, AND ALMOST INCIDENTAL ENCOUNTERS WITH FEYNMAN. I MARKED A NUMBER OF QUOTES AS I READ IT, BUT DIDN'T END UP USING THEM FOR THIS STORY. IT'S THAT KIND OF BOOK.

MURRAY GELL-MANN

FROM EROS TO GAIA, BY FREEMAN DYSON (NY: PENGUIN BOOKS, 1992).

GREAT THROUGHOUT, BUT DYSON'S FIRST-PERSON

RECOLLECTIONS OF FEYNMAN'S DISCOVERY OF QED

AND THE ROAD TRIP THAT RESULTED IN DYSON HIMSELF

BECOMING THE TRANSLATOR OF FEYNMAN'S IDIOSYNCRATIC

THEORY TO THE REST OF THE PHYSICS COMMUNITY MAKE IT
INDISPENSABLE.

FUN TO IMAGINE, PRODUCED BY CHRISTOPHER SYKES (BBC2, ORIGINALLY BROADCAST IN 1983).

SNIPPETS OF PHYSICS AS VIEWED THROUGH THE FEYNMAN LENS. THEY'RE QUICK AND A LOT OF FUN.

GENIUS: THE LIFE AND SCIENCE OF RICHARD FEYNMAN, BY JAMES GLEICK (NY: PANTHEON, 1992).

THIS RIVALS MEHRA'S BOOK, BUT WITH LESS DEPTH IN THE PHYSICS. IT'S STILL WORTH READING, BUT I DIDN'T FIND MYSELF CONSULTING IT DURING THE PRODUCTION OF THIS BOOK.

JULIAN SCHWINGER: THE PHYSICIST, THE TEACHER, AND THE MAN, EDITED BY Y. JACK NG (NJ: WORLD SCIENTIFIC, 1996).

SCHWINGER, THOUGH FAR LESS FAMOUS THAN HIS COUNTERPART, IS REMEMBERED JUST AS FONDLY BY THOSE WHO KNEW HIM.

THE LAST JOURNEY OF A GENIUS/THE QUEST FOR TANNU TUVA,
PRODUCED BY CHRISTOPHER SYKES (BBC2 HORIZON SPECIAL/WGBH/
PBS/NOVA, ORIGINALLY BROADCAST JANUARY 24, 1989).

THE STORY OF FEYNMAN AND RALPH LEIGHTON'S EFFORTS TO GET TO TUVA, WITH MANY ADVENTURES—INCLUDING THE CHALLENGER INVESTIGATION—ALONG THE WAY. MOVING, SAD, AND INSPIRING.

"MOST OF THE GOOD STUFF": MEMORIES OF RICHARD FEYNMAN, EDITED BY LAURIE M. BROWN AND JOHN S. RIGDEN (NY: AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF PHYSICS, 1993).

MISTITLED: THIS IS GREAT STUFF, INCLUDING DANNY HILLIS'
STORIES OF KNOWING, WORKING WITH, AND BEFRIENDING
FEYNMAN. HILLIS CONTINUES TO DO INTERESTING WORK, WITH
THE CLOCK OF THE LONG NOW (WWW.LONGNOW.ORG) BEING
MY FAVORITE OF HIS MOST RECENT PROJECTS.



NANO: THE EMERGING SCIENCE OF NANOTECHNOLOGY, BY ED REGIS (BOSTON: LITTLE BROWN, 1995).

REGIS IS AN ENGAGING WRITER, AND HIS ACCOUNT OF THE LEAD-UP AND IMMEDIATE AFTERMATH OF FEYNMAN'S "PLENTY OF ROOM AT THE BOTTOM" SPEECH GIVES YOU THE FLAVOR OF THE TIMES.

NO ORDINARY GENIUS, PRODUCED BY CHRISTOPHER SYKES (BBC, ORIGINALLY BROADCAST JANUARY 24, 1993).

THE BEST FEYNMAN OVERVIEW ON VIDEO THAT I CAN THINK OF, BAR NONE. IT AIRED IN THE U.S. AS THE BEST MIND SINCE EINSTEIN, BUT THE NOVA/PBS VERSION IS ONLY HALF AS LONG, MEANING IT'S ONLY HALF AS GOOD.

NO ORDINARY GENIUS: THE ILLUSTRATED RICHARD FEYNMAN, BY CHRISTOPHER SYKES (NY: W.W. NORTON, 1994).

THIS BOOK HAS MEMORIES FROM FEYNMAN'S COLLEAGUES, FAMILY, AND FRIENDS ALONG WITH GREAT ILLUSTRATIONS AND PHOTOGRAPHS. BASED ON THE VIDEO OF THE SAME NAME, IT'S ALSO WONDERFUL.



THE PLEASURE OF FINDING THINGS OUT, PRODUCED BY CHRISTOPHER SYKES (BBC2 HORIZON/NOVA, ORIGINALLY BROADCAST 1981).

MORE FEYNMAN, LIVE, AND ALMOST AS GOOD AS NO ORDINARY GENIUS.

PHYSICS TODAY, FEBRUARY 1989.

A SPECIAL ISSUE DEVOTED TO FEYNMAN, WITH ARTICLES BY FREEMAN DYSON, MURRAY GELL-MANN, DAVID GOODSTEIN, JULIAN SCHWINGER, JOHN WHEELER, AND OTHERS. IT CONTAINS MANY PERSONAL AND PROFESSIONAL MEMORIES.

QED AND THE MEN WHO MADE IT: DYSON, FEYNMAN, SCHWINGER, AND TOMONAGA, BY SILVAN S. SCHWEBER (PRINCETON, NJ: PRINCETON UNIVERSITY PRESS, 1994).

THIS DETAILED ACCOUNT OF HOW THE PROBLEMS IN QED GOT SWEPT UNDER THE RUG SUCCESSFULLY, AS FEYNMAN PUT IT, IS WRITTEN FOR A TECHNICAL AUDIENCE. IT HAS MANY GREAT ANECDOTES AS WELL, THOUGH, AND EXAMPLES OF HOW FEYNMAN'S SPEAKING AND WRITING STYLE LED TO A GREATER UNDERSTANDING OF THE FUNDAMENTAL PHYSICS BEHIND THE PROBLEM.

RICHARD FEYNMAN: A LIFE IN SCIENCE, BY JOHN GRIBBIN AND MARY GRIBBIN (NY: DUTTON, 1997).

BESIDE MEHRA'S BOOK, MY FAVORITE BIOGRAPHY OF FEYNMAN, SINCE IT GIVES GENERAL READERS JUST ENOUGH OF A TASTE OF HIS PHYSICS TO MAKE THEM WANT TO LEARN MORE.

SIN-ITIRO TOMONAGA: LIFE OF A JAPANESE PHYSICIST, EDITED BY MAKINOSUKE MATSUI AND HIROSHI EZAWA, TRANSLATED FROM THE JAPANESE BY CHERYL FUJIMOTO AND TAKAKO SANO (TOKYO: MYU, 1995).

THE ONLY ENGLISH-LANGUAGE BOOK ABOUT TOMONAGA THAT I FOUND READILY ACCESSIBLE. FORTUNATELY, IT'S VERY GOOD!

TAKE THE WORLD FROM ANOTHER POINT OF VIEW (YORKSHIRE TELEVISION, INTERVIEW SEGMENTS BY SIMON WELFARE 1973).

FEYNMAN, INTERVIEWED IN MILIBACK, HIGH IN THE YORKSHIRE PENNINES, WHILE ON HOLIDAY NEAR GWENETH'S HOME. MANY OF THE STORIES HERE SHOW UP IN OTHER PLACES, BUT THE TAP-TAP-TAP ANECDOTE—AS TOLD TO THE FAMED ASTRONOMER SIR FRED HOYLE—MADE TRACKING THIS ONE DOWN WORTHWHILE. YOU CAN READ A TRANSCRIPT AT HTTP://CALTECHES.LIBRARY.CALTECH. EDU/35/2/POINTOFVIEW.HTM

TUVA OR BUST, BY RALPH LEIGHTON (NY: W.W. NORTON, 1991).

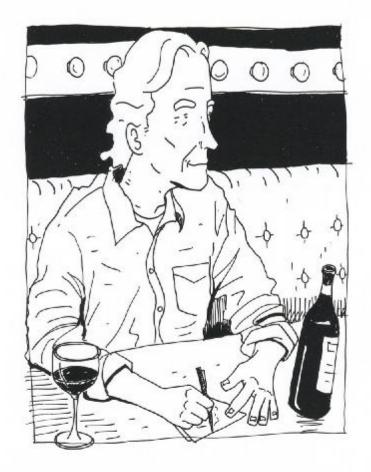
HOW FEYNMAN ALMOST GOT TO TUVA. THIS IS AN

ADVENTURE STORY WITH A SAD ENDING—GWENETH FEYNMAN

ALSO DIED BEFORE SHE COULD MAKE IT TO KYZYL—BUT

READING IT WILL STILL MAKE YOU HAPPY.

* AND...THERE'S EVEN MORE. WE CALLED THIS BIBLIOGRAPHY
"ALMOST COMPLETE" BECAUSE DOZENS OF OTHER BOOKS AND
ARTICLES AND EVEN A FEW WEBSITES ALSO HELPED US BUILD A
PICTURE OF THE CENTURY FEYNMAN RACED ACROSS ON HIS WAY TO
BECOMING A LEGEND. IF YOU'D LIKE TO START DOWN THAT PATH,
I RECOMMEND THE EXCELLENT A TALE OF TWO CONTINENTS BY
ABRAHAM PAIS AND THE MAKING OF THE ATOMIC BOMB BY RICHARD
RHODES, BOTH OF WHICH CAN PROVIDE YOU WITH BACKGROUND ON
FEYNMAN'S ERA IN PHYSICS AND THE WORLD. AND IF YOU WANT AN
EVEN MORE TECHNICAL OVERVIEW THAN YOU GOT FROM MEHRA'S
BOOK, YOU CAN CONSULT THE MASSIVE SELECTED PAPERS OF
RICHARD FEYNMAN (RIVER EDGE, NJ: WORLD SCIENTIFIC, 2000).

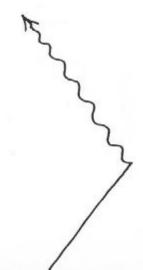


AND IN ADDITION TO THINGS YOU CAN EASILY GET AT LIBRARIES OR BOOKSTORES OR ON THE WEB, WE ALSO INCORPORATED INFORMATION, STORIES, AND MANY FACTS FROM UNPUBLISHED MATERIALS HELD IN THE CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY'S ARCHIVES. WE OWE JUDITH GOODSTEIN AND HER STAFF OUR THANKS FOR THE ASSISTANCE AND HOSPITALITY THEY PROVIDED DURING MY VISIT THERE. THEY EVEN RECOMMENDED A FINE MOTEL, RIGHT ON ROUTE 66. (I DIDN'T BARBEQUE, THOUGH.) OUR FAVORITE FIND WAS THE TRANSCRIPT FOR HIS 1965 "ADDRESS TO FAR ROCKAWAY HIGH SCHOOL AUDIENCE." MUCH OF THE SEQUENCE SHOWING FEYNMAN IN HIGH SCHOOL COMES FROM THIS SPEECH. EVEN IF CALTECH WASN'T SUCH A LOVELY PLACE, AND EVEN IF THEIR STUDENT UNION DIDN'T OFFER TERRIFIC VEGETARIAN PIZZA BY THE SLICE, I'D RECOMMEND A TRIP JUST TO READ IT.

FINALLY, ON PAGE 178 WE PROMISED YOU THE STORY OF WHY TOMONAGA MISSED THE NOBEL CEREMONY. SO, IN HIS OWN WORDS AS QUOTED ON PAGE 271 OF SIN-ITIRO TOMONAGA: LIFE OF A JAPANESE PHYSICIST (MATSUI, ED.):

ALTHOUGH I SENT A LETTER SAYING THAT I WOULD BE "PLEASED TO ATTEND," I LOATHED THE THOUGHT OF GOING, THINKING THAT THE COLD WOULD BE SEVERE, AS THE CEREMONY WAS TO BE HELD IN DECEMBER, AND THAT THE INEVITABLE FORMALITIES WOULD BE TIRESOME.

AFTER AFTER I WAS NAMED A NOBEL PRIZE AWARDEE, MANY PEOPLE CAME TO VISIT, BRINGING LIQUOR. I HAD BARRELS OF IT. ONE DAY, MY FATHER'S YOUNGER BROTHER, WHO LOVED WHISKEY, HAPPENED TO STOP BY AND WE BOTH BEGAN DRINKING GLEEFULLY. WE DRANK A LITTLE TOO MUCH, AND THEN, SEIZING THE OPPORTUNITY THAT MY WIFE HAD GONE OUT SHOPPING, I ENTERED THE BATHROOM TO TAKE A BATH. THERE I SLIPPED AND FELL DOWN, BREAKING SIX OF MY RIBS...IT WAS A PIECE OF GOOD LUCK IN THAT UNHAPPY INCIDENT.



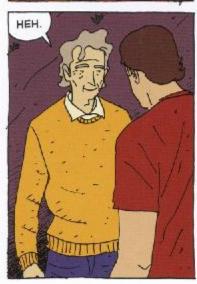




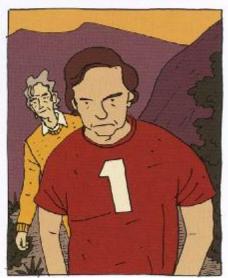


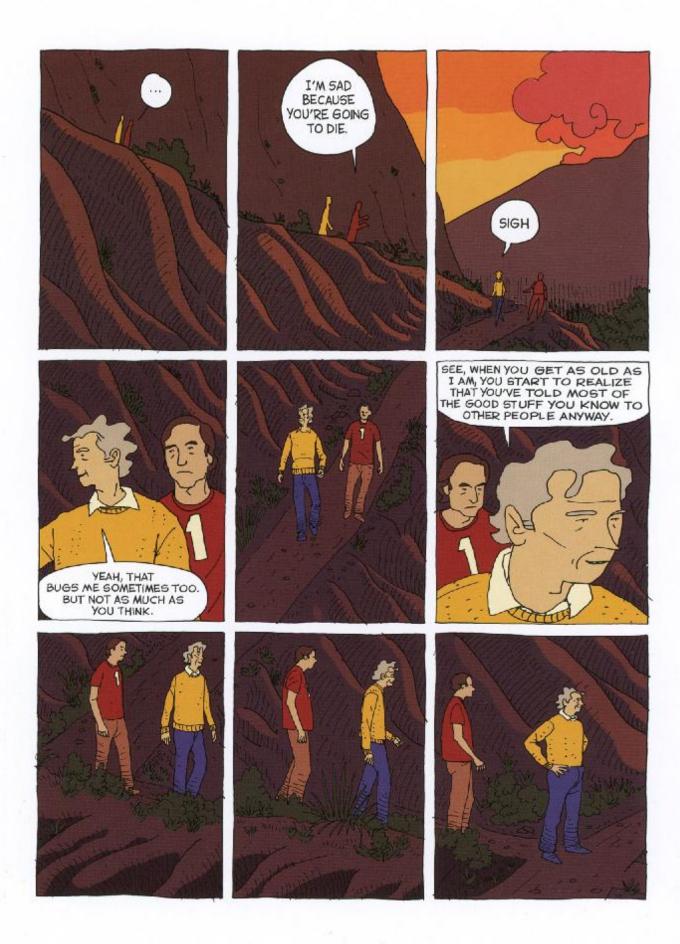




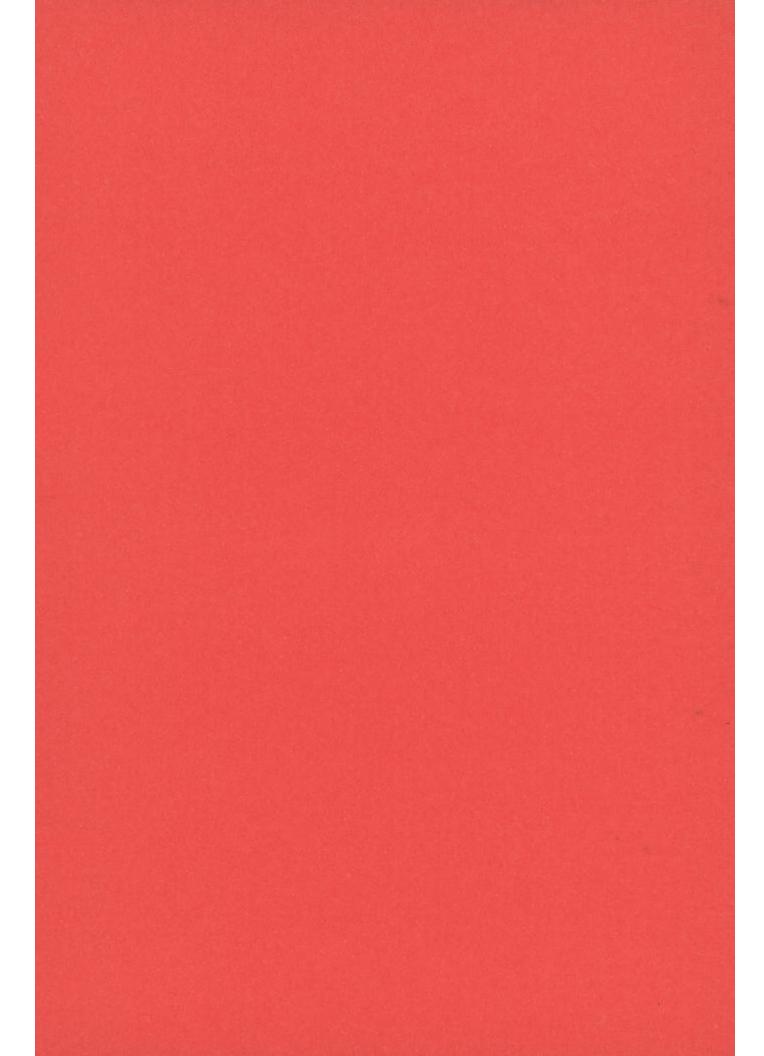


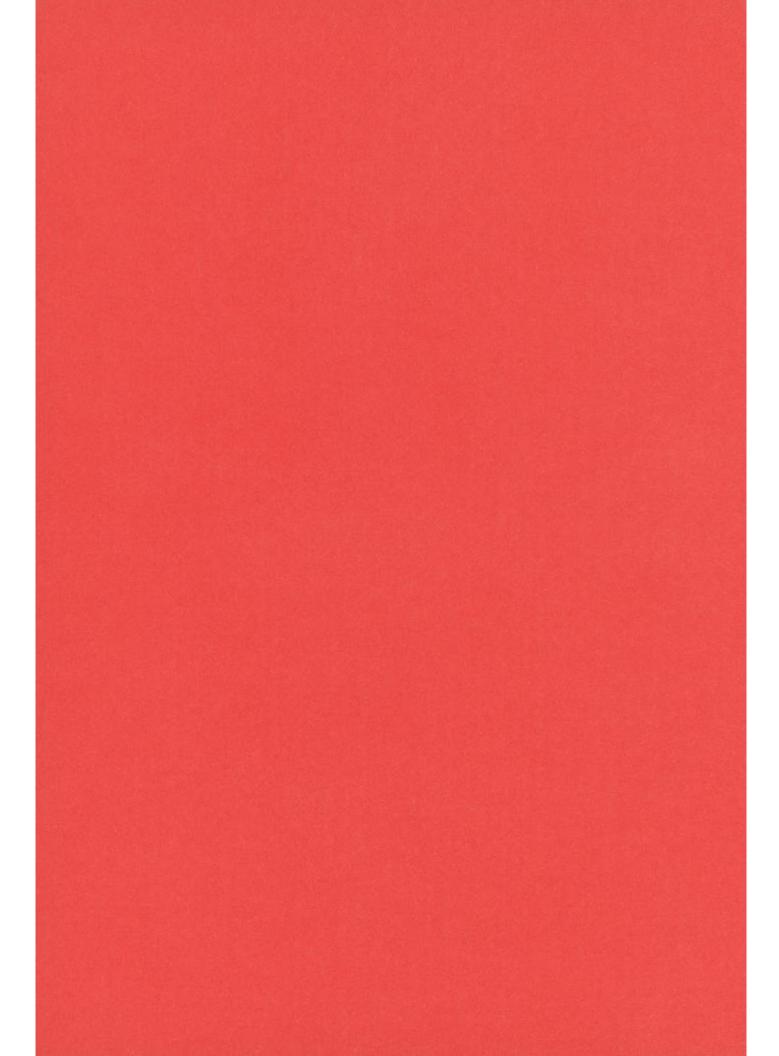


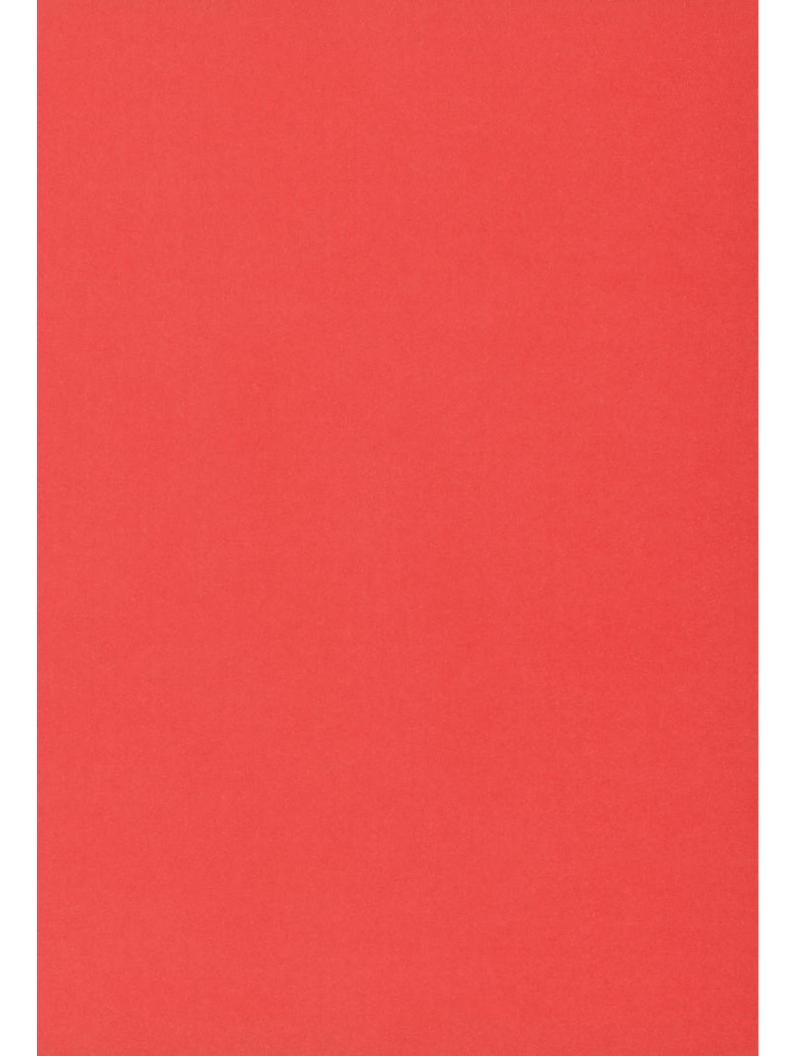


















—The Miami Herald

"LOVELY."

—Newsday

"THESE IMAGES CAPTURE WITH REMARKABLE SENSITIVITY THE ESSENCE OF FEYNMAN'S CHARACTER . . .

THE VOICE OF THE REAL FEYNMAN."

-Freeman Dyson, The New York Review of Books

"CAPTURES THE
JAZZY FLOW OF
FEYNMAN'S LIFE IN
ITS SPARE LINES."

-USA Today

RICHARD P. FEYNMAN (1918–1988) was one of the great minds—and great personalities—of the twentieth century. A Nobel Prize-winning physicist, he was also a safecracker, an adventurer, a musician, and a world-class raconteur.

Feynman lived his life large and loud, becoming a public favorite with his autobiographical collections Surely You're Joking, Mr. Feynman! and What Do You Care What Other People Think? His innovations in the field of quantum electrodynamics profoundly changed the way we think about things as simple—or complex—as matter and light. He played a crucial role in uncovering the cause of the Space Shuttle Challenger disaster. His work with the Manhattan Project contributed to the creation of the atomic bomb, changing the course of world history.

And he was really, really fun at parties.

In this critically acclaimed biography, writer Jim Ottaviani (*T-Minus: The Race to the Moon*) and artist Leland Myrick (*Missouri Boy*) capture this colorful life in vivid graphic novel form. Funny, challenging, and moving, *Feynman* is a significant new look at a beloved icon.

IIM OTTAVIANI has written non-fiction, science-oriented comic books since 1997. His latest book is *Primates: The Fearless Science of Jane Goodall, Dian Fossey, and Biruté Galdikas* with Maris Wicks. He has worked as a nuclear engineer, caddy, programmer, and reference librarian. He lives in Ann Arbor, Michigan.

Award-nominated author and illustrator of *The Sweet Collection*, *School Girls*, *Bright Elegy*, and *Missouri Boy*. He has written and illustrated pieces for Dark Horse Comics, GQ Japan, Vogue Russia, Flight, and First Second. He lives in Pasadena, California.

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